

Chapter 14

The Frame Buffer

“A picture is a mute poem.
(Mutum est pictura poema.)”
Latin proverb

14.1 Overview

Rasterization generates a stream of source pixels from graphic primitives, which are combined with destination pixels in the frame buffer. The term frame buffer originates from the early days of raster graphics and referred to a bank of memory that contained a single image, or frame. As computer graphics evolved, the term came to encompass the image data as well as any ancillary data needed during graphic rendering. In Direct3D, the frame buffer encompasses the currently selected render target surface and depth/stencil surfaces. If multisampling is used, additional memory is required but is not explicitly exposed as directly manipulable surfaces.

After rasterization, each source pixel contains an RGB color, an associated transparency value in its alpha channel, and an associated depth in the scene in its Z value. The Z value is a fixed-point precision quantity produced by rasterization. Fog may then be applied to the pixel before it is incorporated into the render target. The application of fog mixes the pixel’s color value, but not its alpha value, from rasterization with a fog color based on a function of the pixel’s depth in the scene. Fog, also referred to as depth cueing, can be used to diminish the intensity of an object as it recedes from the camera, placing more emphasis on objects closer to the viewer.

After fog application, pixels can be rejected on the basis of their transparency, their depth in the scene, or by stenciling operations. Stencil operations allow arbitrary regions of the frame buffer to be masked away from rendering, among other things. Unlike the associated alpha and depth produced for each pixel during rasterization, the stencil value associated with the source pixel is obtained from a render state.

If the pixel passes the alpha, depth and stencil tests, then it will be combined into the render target. The source pixel's depth value is used only for visibility computations and no further processing involving the depth value is performed after the depth test is applied. The pixel's alpha value is used to combine the pixel into the render target through a formula that can mix the pixels from primitives with the pixels already present in the render target.

Finally, the source pixel may be processed through dithering to eliminate any banding artifacts when the render target contains a reduced dynamic range for the RGB colors. After dithering, the source pixel is ready to be written into the render target and associated depth/stencil surfaces. The write operations can be controlled through the use of write masks.

Multisampling provides multiple color, depth, and stencil values for each pixel in the render target. The multiple color values are combined during presentation to produce a final image that is used for video scan out. The additional depth and stencil values are required to obtain the proper visibility and stencil-ing effects with multisampling. Multisampling can provide antialiasing, depth of field, motion blur, and other effects. During rendering, you can control which samples of a multisample render target are used for the destination. Some effects will render to all of the samples associated with a pixel in a single pass, while other effects will render to a portion of the samples in each pass of a multipass technique.

14.2 Fog Blending

The fog color is blended into the source pixel's RGB color just before any frame buffer processing occurs. The fog color affects only the pixel's color and not its transparency. Fog is fully described in section 6.8.

14.3 Alpha Test

After the fog color has been applied to source pixels, they can be subjected to a rejection test based on the transparency (alpha) value of the source pixel. If the alpha test is enabled, a comparison is made between the alpha value of the source pixel and a fixed alpha value given by a render state. If the test fails, the pixel is discarded and no further processing is performed on the source pixel.

You can reject completely transparent pixels which would have no effect on the final rendering. This eliminates work in the frame buffer and can increase your rendering throughput when a significant number of pixels are likely to be completely transparent. This is often the case when a texture is used as a cut-out for a shape, with a large number of completely transparent pixels in the texture.

The alpha test comparison is given by the equation

$$\alpha_s \langle op \rangle \alpha_r$$

where α_s is the alpha value of the source pixel, α_r is the reference alpha value and $\langle op \rangle$ is the comparison function. Be careful not to confuse the alpha test, which rejects source pixels based on their alpha value, with alpha blending, which uses the alpha of the source pixel to combine the source pixel with the frame buffer.

RS Alpha Blend Enable determines if the alpha test is applied. If enabled, **RS Alpha Func** specifies the comparison function used to compare the reference value with the source pixel's alpha value. The function is specified with a value from the **D3DCMPFUNC** enumerated type. **RS Alpha Ref** provides the reference alpha value used in the comparison. The reference value is a **DWORD** in the interval [0, 255], where 0 corresponds to fully-transparent and 255 corresponds to fully-opaque.

```
typedef enum _D3DCMPFUNC {
    D3DCMP_NEVER      = 1,
    D3DCMP_LESS       = 2,
    D3DCMP_EQUAL      = 3,
    D3DCMP_LESSEQUAL  = 4,
    D3DCMP_GREATER    = 5,
    D3DCMP_NOTEQUAL   = 6,
    D3DCMP_GREATEREQUAL = 7,
    D3DCMP_ALWAYS     = 8
} D3DCMPFUNC;
```

The **D3DCMPFUNC** values correspond to the usual mathematical comparison operators, with two exceptions. The **D3DCMP_NEVER** and **D3DCMP_ALWAYS** values correspond to comparison functions which never succeed or always succeed, respectively.

D3DCAPS9::AlphaCmpCaps describes the alpha comparison functions supported by the device for area primitives (triangles, point sprites and higher-order surfaces). Each bit that is set corresponds to a supported comparison function.

```
#define D3DPCMPCAPS_NEVER          0x00000001L
#define D3DPCMPCAPS_LESS           0x00000002L
#define D3DPCMPCAPS_EQUAL          0x00000004L
#define D3DPCMPCAPS_LESSEQUAL      0x00000008L
#define D3DPCMPCAPS_GREATER        0x00000010L
#define D3DPCMPCAPS_NOTEQUAL       0x00000020L
#define D3DPCMPCAPS_GREATEREQUAL  0x00000040L
#define D3DPCMPCAPS_ALWAYS        0x00000080L
```

If the **D3DLINECAPS_ALPHACMP** bit of **LineCaps** is set, then the device supports alpha test comparisons for point and line primitives. The supported comparison functions are the same as for area primitives.

```
#define D3DLINECAPS_ALPHACMP 0x00000008L
```

14.4 The Z Buffer and Visibility

Visibility in Direct3D is usually determined by the Z buffer. There are other visibility algorithms, such as the painter's algorithm, but the Z buffer is easy to implement in hardware and is the most commonly used visibility algorithm.

You can create a depth/stencil buffer for use with the device when the device is created by setting the `AutoDepthStencil` and `AutoDepthStencilFormat` members of the present parameters passed to `CreateDevice`. If you create additional render targets with `CreateRenderTarget` or additional swap chains, you may need to create depth/stencil buffers for use with those render targets. You can create a depth/stencil surface with `CreateDepthStencilSurface` for use with `SetRenderTarget`. `GetDepthStencilSurface` returns the depth/stencil surface associated with the current render target.

```
HRESULT CreateDepthStencilSurface(UINT width,
                                  UINT height,
                                  D3DFORMAT format,
                                  D3DMULTISAMPLE_TYPE multisample,
                                  IDirect3DSurface9 **result);
HRESULT GetDepthStencilSurface(IDirect3DSurface9 **result);
```

The width and height of the depth/stencil surface should match the render target surface with which it will be used. For multisampling render targets, the multisample type of the depth/stencil surface should also match the render target. Multisampling is discussed in section 14.8.

The Z buffer visibility algorithm works by keeping a depth value for each pixel in the frame buffer. Before the scene is rendered, the Z buffer is initialized with the value of the farthest possible Z value. As source pixels are produced by rasterization, each pixel will have an associated Z value that is determined by the vertices of a primitive. The source pixel's Z value is compared with the Z value stored for the destination pixel. If the source pixel's Z value is closer to the viewer than the one already stored in the Z buffer, then the source pixel is closer than the destination pixel and its Z value is stored into the Z buffer at the destination pixel's location. Successive source pixels then test themselves against the new Z value and only overwrite this value if they are even closer to the viewer. This amounts to a per-pixel sort for each source pixel that touches the same destination location in the render target. The visibility problem is essentially a sorting problem. This is not the only way the Z buffer can be used, but it is the most common.

The Z buffer test is enabled with `RS_Z_Enable` and has a value from the `D3DZB_BUFFERTYPE` enumeration. Z buffering is selected when the value `D3DZB__TRUE` is used. W buffering is selected with the value `D3DZB_USEW`. W buffering is explained later in this section.

```
typedef enum _D3DZB_BUFFERTYPE {
    D3DZB_FALSE = 0,
    D3DZB_TRUE = 1,
```

```
D3DZB_USEW = 2,
} D3DZBUFFERTYPE;
```

When enabled, the Z buffer test is performed by the following equation:

$$z_s \langle op \rangle z_d$$

where z_s is the Z value associated with the source pixel, z_d is the Z value stored in the depth buffer of the render target and $\langle op \rangle$ is the comparison operator used. RS Z Func defines the comparison function $\langle op \rangle$ and is given by a member of the D3DCMPFUNC enumeration.

When the D3DPRASTERCAPS_ZTEST bit of D3DCAPS9::RasterCaps is set, the device supports the depth buffer test. D3DCAPS9::ZCmpCaps describes the Z buffer comparison functions supported by the device for area primitives (triangles, point sprites and higher-order surfaces). Each bit that is set corresponds to a supported comparison function. The supported functions are given by the D3DPCMPcaps flags described on page 493. If the D3DLINECAPS_ZTEST bit of D3DCAPS9::LineCaps is set, the device supports depth test comparisons for point and line primitives.

```
#define D3DPRASTERCAPS_ZTEST 0x00000010L
#define D3DLINECAPS_ZTEST      0x00000002L
```

W Buffering

Low bit depths for the Z buffer can be a problem when a perspective projection transformation is used. Perspective foreshortening causes most of the values in the Z buffer to be used for the portion of the scene closest to the camera. This can result in visibility artifacts for primitives far away from the camera. The problem can be reduced by moving the near and far planes of the view frustum as close together as possible and moving the near plane as far away from the camera as possible. However, this does not eliminate the problem, it only lessens its severity.

An alternative to using a Z buffer is to use a W buffer, where the depth stored in the buffer is the reciprocal homogeneous depth value $1/w$. In this case, the values in the W buffer will be evenly spread across the depth of the view frustum. For a depth buffer with 16 bits of resolution, a W buffer can improve the resolution of visibility in the scene.

To use a W buffer, specify D3DZB_USEW for RS Z Enable. W buffering is supported by a device if the D3DPRASTERCAPS_WBUFFER bit of D3DCAPS9::RasterCaps is set. A device supports W based fog if the D3DPRASTERCAPS_WFOG bit of D3DCAPS9::RasterCaps is set. The MaxVertexW member of D3DCAPS9 gives the maximum W value for a vertex supported by the device.

```
#define D3DPRASTERCAPS_WBUFFER 0x00040000L
#define D3DPRASTERCAPS_WFOG    0x00100000L
```

Visibility of Transparent Primitives

Because the Z buffer visibility algorithm is equivalent to a sorting algorithm that finds the pixel closest to the viewer, you can normally ignore the order in which primitives are drawn. When the primitives are fully opaque, only the pixels from the closest primitive will appear in the final rendering.

However, when the primitives are partially transparent, then whatever is behind the partially transparent primitives – hereafter referred to simply as “transparent primitives” for brevity – will show through them. To properly render transparent primitives they should be drawn in back-to-front order so that the primitives behind are properly obscured by the primitives in front. To render this sort of scene perfectly, we would need to keep a list of all transparent pixel colors and their associated depths for each destination pixel during rendering. When all the primitives have been rendered, we can collapse each list by sorting the pixels by their depth in the scene and combining them together with the appropriate blending. While this perfect rendering cannot be obtained with a simple Z buffer, which only stores a single depth value for each destination pixel, it is possible to achieve an approximate rendering with the Z buffer that reduces the error compared to drawing primitives in an arbitrary order.

First, all the completely opaque objects are drawn with the standard Z buffer visibility algorithm: the Z buffer is cleared to the value farthest from the camera and all the opaque objects in the scene are rendered and their Z values are written into the Z buffer. Next, the transparent objects in the scene are sorted in back-to-front order based on their bounding boxes. Then, writes to the Z buffer are disabled and the transparent objects are drawn in back-to-front order. By disabling writes to the Z buffer, but keeping the Z test enabled, the transparent objects are properly occluded by the opaque objects in the scene, but they may still interpenetrate other transparent objects. By drawing the transparent objects in back-to-front order, they properly obscure other transparent objects as long as the objects don’t interpenetrate. For perfect rendering of interpenetrating transparent objects, you would have to sort the individual triangles within the interpenetrating objects to ensure the proper back-to-front rendering order of the individual triangles. However, the additional visual quality obtained from this “perfect” rendering is usually not worth the additional computational cost in an interactive graphics program.

Biasing Primitives

TODO: Fix bias description

Occasionally you will want to draw two primitives that are mathematically in the same location. For instance, you might want to draw a triangle on the side of a cube, where the cube is drawn with a separate primitive. You could approach this as a modeling problem and join the overlaid triangle and the side of the cube together. A simpler approach using the Z buffer is to add a fixed Z bias to the triangle to bring it “in front” of the cube.

`RSZBias` controls the amount of biasing added to area primitives. The bias can be a value in the range [0, 16], with larger values adding more bias to bring

the primitives “closer” to the viewer than they would be when no bias is applied. A device supports Z biasing if the DDDPRasterCapsZBias bit of `D3DCAPS9::RasterCaps` is set.

```
#define D3DPRASTERCAPS_ZBIAS 0x00004000L
```

For situations where a polygon offset is needed but the device does not support Z bias, you can achieve the same affect by adjusting the near and far planes for your projection matrix.

Filling and Reading the Z Buffer

There are times when you want to fill the Z buffer or read back its contents. However, unless you use a lockable Z buffer format, this cannot be done directly. You can fill the Z buffer by rendering primitives to obtain the desired values in the Z buffer. You can render the primitives with writes to the color buffer disabled so that only the Z buffer is affected by the rendering. The primitives could be a points, lines, or a triangular mesh, depending on the accuracy needed. Points are the most accurate since you can place a point exactly on each pixel in the render target with a specific depth, but they are also the most expensive for large render targets.

Reading back the contents of the Z buffer without actually locking the Z buffer is more complicated. The idea is to render primitives that are affected by the contents of the Z buffer without changing it. You can render planes of different colors parallel to the viewer that completely cover the render target. Setting the depth test to reject pixels that are farther from the viewer than the stored depth value will result in the plane’s color covering the portion of the frame buffer that is farther from the viewer than the depth of the plane. By drawing a sequence of planes from back to front this will populate the render target’s color buffer with colors that correspond to the depth stored in the depth buffer. You can then read the color buffer and obtain an approximation of the contents of the depth buffer.

Both of these techniques can be expensive when high resolution of the depth buffer is needed. In general, the depth buffer should be treated as an opaque chunk of memory that can be neither read or written directly. Hardware manufacturers are continuing to improve the performance of visibility algorithms by using proprietary formats for the depth buffer that do not map directly to the idea of a pixel surface containing a single depth value. If possible, you should use alternative algorithms that do not require explicit reading or writing of the depth buffer.

14.5 Stencil Test

The stencil buffer is used in conjunction with the Z buffer. The stencil buffer can provide arbitrary rejection of source pixels based on the results of the depth test combined with the result of the stencil test. The stencil test compares

the value of the current stencil reference value with the stencil buffer value at the destination pixel location. Both stencil values are bitwise ANDed with the current stencil mask so that only specific bits of the stencil values are used in the comparison.

The stencil buffer is part of the Z buffer and is present when using one of the formats D3DFMT_Z24S8, D3DFMT_Z15S1, or D3DFMT_Z24X4S4 for the Z buffer surface format. Otherwise, there is no stencil buffer present and all stencil operations are ignored¹.

The stencil buffer test is enabled or disabled with RS Stencil Enable. When enabled, RS Stencil Mask controls which bits of the stencil reference value and the destination stencil buffer value are used in the comparison. Meaningful values for RS Stencil Mask are drawn from the interval $[0, 2^s - 1]$, where s is the depth of the stencil buffer. Any bits in the stencil mask outside this range are ignored. RS Stencil Func defines the comparison function used to evaluate the test and is a member of the enumerated type D3DCMPFUNC. If the result of the comparison function evaluates to FALSE, the source pixel is discarded and no further processing occurs.

New values computed for the stencil buffer itself are computed according to one of three possible cases for a source pixel:

- The stencil test failed.
- The stencil test passed and the depth test failed.
- The stencil test passed and the depth test passed.

The render states RS Stencil Fail, RS Stencil Z Fail, and RS Stencil Pass, respectively, define the operation performed on the existing stencil buffer value to compute a source stencil value for each of the three cases. The values for these render states are given by the D3DSTENCILOP enumerated type and their operation is summarized in table 14.5

```
typedef enum _D3DSTENCILOP {
    D3DSTENCILOP_KEEP      = 1,
    D3DSTENCILOP_ZERO      = 2,
    D3DSTENCILOP_REPLACE    = 3,
    D3DSTENCILOP_INVERT     = 6,
    D3DSTENCILOP_INCR      = 7,
    D3DSTENCILOP_DECR      = 8,
    D3DSTENCILOP_INCRSAT   = 4,
    D3DSTENCILOP_DECRSAT   = 5
} D3DSTENCILOP;
```

Each bit of D3DCAPS9::StencilCaps that is set corresponds to a stencil operation supported by the device. The bits are given by the D3DSTENCILCAPS flags.

¹Calling Clear with D3DCLEAR_STENCIL when no stencil buffer is present is an error.

Enumerant	Operation
D3DSTENCILOP_KEEP	Keeps the existing destination stencil buffer value as the source stencil value.
D3DSTENCILOP_ZERO	Uses a value of zero as the source stencil value.
D3DSTENCILOP_REPLACE	Uses the stencil reference value as the source stencil value.
D3DSTENCILOP_INVERT	Inverts the destination stencil buffer value as the source stencil value. That is, the source value is the bitwise complement of the destination value.
D3DSTENCILOP_INCR	Increments the destination stencil buffer value and uses that as the source stencil value, wrapping around to zero when the destination value is the maximum value.
D3DSTENCILOP_DECR	Decrements the destination stencil buffer value and uses that as the source stencil value, wrapping around to the maximum value when the existing value is zero.
D3DSTENCILOP_INCRSAT	As D3DSTENCILOP_INCR, but clamp to the maximum stencil value 2^s .
D3DSTENCILOP_DECRSAT	As D3DSTENCILOP_DECR, but clamp to zero.

Table 14.1: Summary of the stencil operations corresponding to D3DSTENCILOP.

```
#define D3DSTENCILCAPS_KEEP      0x000000001L
#define D3DSTENCILCAPS_ZERO       0x000000002L
#define D3DSTENCILCAPS_REPLACE    0x000000004L
#define D3DSTENCILCAPS_INVERT     0x000000020L
#define D3DSTENCILCAPS_INCR       0x000000040L
#define D3DSTENCILCAPS_DECR       0x000000080L
#define D3DSTENCILCAPS_INCRSAT   0x000000008L
#define D3DSTENCILCAPS_DECRSAT   0x000000010L
```

The stencil buffer can be used to render a variety of special effects. The SDK includes several samples that show a variety of effects: the Stencil Depth sample shows how the stencil buffer can be used to visualize the depth complexity of a scene, the Stencil Mirror sample shows how to use the stencil buffer to create a mirror plane, and the Shadow Volume sample shows how to use the stencil buffer for creating a shadow effect. The following subsections, while not an exhaustive list, describe some additional effects that are commonly used with the stencil buffer.

Masking Irregular Regions

A common application of the stencil buffer is to mask irregular regions in the render target. First, we create a mask image in the stencil buffer and then we draw with geometry to be masked with the stencil test set to reject any source pixels where the mask is set.

To create the mask, first clear the stencil buffer to zero. Next, set the rendering state so that any source pixels resulting from rendering will store a 1 into the stencil buffer. This will create a mask where geometry is drawn. Since the alpha test rejects pixels before the stencil test is performed, complex shapes can be drawn using a simple textured quadrilateral with transparent regions in the texture.

```
RS Stencil Enable = FALSE
RS Stencil Func   = D3DCMP_ALWAYS
RS Stencil Ref    = 1
RS Stencil Fail   = D3DSTENCILOP_REPLACE
RS Stencil Z Fail = D3DSTENCILOP_REPLACE
RS Stencil Pass   = D3DSTENCILOP_REPLACE
```

Next, set the rendering state so that geometry will be clipped by the mask. Use the stencil test to reject any source pixels where the destination stencil value is 1. Keep the contents of the stencil buffer will be unaltered by rendering to retain the mask. If you only clear the stencil buffer when you change the mask, you can reuse the mask from frame to frame once it has been created in the frame buffer.

```

RS Stencil Enable = TRUE
RS Stencil Func   = D3DCMP_NOTEQUAL
RS Stencil Ref    = 0
RS Stencil Fail   = D3DSTENCILOP_KEEP
RS Stencil Z Fail = D3DSTENCILOP_KEEP
RS Stencil Pass   = D3DSTENCILOP_KEEP

```

Screen Door Transparency and Stippling

You can give the appearance of looking through a screen door mesh by setting the stencil buffer to alternating values of 0 and 1 at every pixel and using the stencil buffer as a mask. The “screen” is drawn on the pixels where the stencil buffer has a value of 0 and the scene showing through the screen is drawn where the stencil buffer has a value of 1. Superior rendering quality can be obtained by using alpha blending for transparency, but the stencil buffer can provide an alternative effect. This technique can also be used to provide an arbitrary stippling pattern in screen space for primitives. One value is used to represent the “on” portions of the stipple pattern and the other value is used to represent the “off” portions of the stipple pattern.

Filling and Reading the Stencil Buffer

As the stencil buffer is part of the Z buffer, the same problems for reading and writing the Z buffer apply to reading and writing the stencil buffer. The same approaches used for the Z buffer can be used to read or write the contents of the stencil buffer. The Stencil Depth sample in the SDK uses planes of color to visualize the contents of the stencil buffer.

14.6 Alpha Blending

Alpha blending combines source pixels and destination pixels based on the alpha value of the source and destination pixel and a combining function. The most common uses of alpha blending are to create a layered compositing effect whereby new pixels are blended on top of existing pixels in the render target.

RS Alpha Blend Enable controls the application of alpha blending. If alpha blending is disabled, then no blending is performed and the source pixel’s alpha and color will be passed on to the render target directly. If enabled, the source pixel’s color and destination pixel’s color are first modulated by a selectable factor and then combined through a function of two arguments:

$$\begin{aligned}
C &= \langle r, g, b, a \rangle \\
f &= \langle f_r, f_g, f_b, f_a \rangle \\
Cf &= \langle rf_r, gf_g, bf_b, af_a \rangle \\
C'_s &= \langle func \rangle(C_s f_s, C_d f_d)
\end{aligned}$$

where C_s is the source pixel's RGBA color, f_s is the source blending factor, C_d is the destination pixel's RGBA color, f_d is the destination blending factor, $\langle func \rangle$ is the blend function and C'_s is the result of the alpha blending operation that will be used in further frame buffer processing. In this equation, the colors and the blend factors are both 4D vectors. The blend factors can modulate each color channel separately. When the destination pixel comes from a render target that has no alpha channel, an alpha value of 255, or fully opaque, is provided.

RS Src Blend and RS Dest Blend select the source and destination blend factors f_s and f_d , respectively. Each has a value from the D3DBLEND enumeration. The blend factors corresponding to each enumerant are given in table 14.2. The blend function $\langle func \rangle$ is specified by RS Blend Op as one of the enumerants of D3DBLENDOP. The default value is D3DBLENDOP_ADD. The functions corresponding to the enumerants are listed in table 14.3.

```
typedef enum _D3DBLEND {
    D3DBLEND_ZERO          = 1,
    D3DBLEND_ONE           = 2,
    D3DBLEND_SRCCOLOR      = 3,
    D3DBLEND_INVSRCOLOR    = 4,
    D3DBLEND_SRCALPHA      = 5,
    D3DBLEND_INVSRCALPHA   = 6,
    D3DBLEND_DESTALPHA     = 7,
    D3DBLEND_INVDESTALPHA  = 8,
    D3DBLEND_DESTCOLOR     = 9,
    D3DBLEND_INVDESTCOLOR  = 10,
    D3DBLEND_SRCALPHASAT   = 11,
    D3DBLEND_BOTHINVSRCALPHA = 13
} D3DBLEND;

typedef enum _D3DBLENDOP {
    D3DBLENDOP_ADD         = 1,
    D3DBLENDOP_SUBTRACT    = 2,
    D3DBLENDOP_REVSUBTRACT = 3,
    D3DBLENDOP_MIN          = 4,
    D3DBLENDOP_MAX          = 5
} D3DBLENDOP;
```

Alpha blending can be used to perform the compositing operations shown in table 14.4 by selecting the appropriate source and destination blend factors with the addition blend operator. A commonly used compositing operator is the “over” operator, used to composite layers rendered from back to front. The operators listed in the table assume that the alpha of the color has been pre-multiplied into the color channels.

When operating in exclusive mode with D3DSWAPEFFECT_FLIP or D3DSWAP-EFFECT_DISCARD, a device will properly support destination alpha if the D3DCAPS3_ALPHA_FULLSCREEN_FLIP_OR_DISCARD bit of D3DCAPS9::Caps3 is set. Otherwise, an application should use D3DSWAPEFFECT_COPY or DDDSwapEffectCopyVSync

TODO: FIX VSYNC

Enumerator	Blend Factor f
D3DBLEND_ZERO	$\langle 0, 0, 0, 0 \rangle$
D3DBLEND_ONE	$\langle 1, 1, 1, 1 \rangle$
D3DBLEND_SRCCOLOR	$\langle r_s, g_s, b_s, a_s \rangle$
D3DBLEND_INVSRCOLOR	$\langle 1 - r_s, 1 - g_s, 1 - b_s, 1 - a_s \rangle$
D3DBLEND_SRCALPHA	$\langle a_s, a_s, a_s, a_s \rangle$
D3DBLEND_INVSRCALPHA	$\langle 1 - a_s, 1 - a_s, 1 - a_s, 1 - a_s \rangle$
D3DBLEND_DESTALPHA	$\langle a_d, a_d, a_d, a_d \rangle$
D3DBLEND_INVDESTALPHA	$\langle 1 - a_d, 1 - a_d, 1 - a_d, 1 - a_d \rangle$
D3DBLEND_DESTCOLOR	$\langle r_d, g_d, b_d, a_d \rangle$
D3DBLEND_INVDESTCOLOR	$\langle 1 - r_d, 1 - g_d, 1 - b_d, 1 - a_d \rangle$
D3DBLEND_SRCALPHASAT	$\langle f, f, f, f \rangle$, $f = \min(a_s, 1 - a_d)$
D3DBLEND_BOTHINVSRCALPHA ¹	$\langle 1 - a_s, 1 - a_s, 1 - a_s, 1 - a_s \rangle$ $\langle a_s, a_s, a_s, a_s \rangle$

Table 14.2: Blend factors corresponding to the enumerants of `D3DBLEND`. The source pixel color is $\langle r_s, g_s, b_s, a_s \rangle$ and the destination pixel color is $\langle r_d, g_d, b_d, a_d \rangle$. ¹`D3DBLEND_BOTHINVSRCALPHA` is only valid for RS Src Blend and overrides any blend factor specified by RS Dest Blend; the blend factors shown are used for the source and destination blend factors, respectively.

Enumerator	Blend Function
D3DBLENDOP_ADD	$\langle func \rangle(s, d) = s + d$
D3DBLENDOP_SUBTRACT	$\langle func \rangle(s, d) = s - d$
D3DBLENDOP_REVSUBTRACT	$\langle func \rangle(s, d) = d - s$
D3DBLENDOP_MIN	$\langle func \rangle(s, d) = \min(s, d)$
D3DBLENDOP_MAX	$\langle func \rangle(s, d) = \max(s, d)$

Table 14.3: Blending functions corresponding to the enumerants of `D3DBLENDOP`. The s and d function arguments are RGBA colors treated as 4D vectors. The min and max functions return the minimum and maximum, respectively, of each color component.

Operation f_s	f_d	Diagram	Operation f_s	f_d	Diagram
S			D		
1	0		0	1	
clear			$S \text{ xor } D$		
0	0		$1 - \alpha_d$	$1 - \alpha_s$	
$S \text{ over } D$			$D \text{ over } S$		
1	$1 - \alpha_s$		$1 - \alpha_d$	1	
$S \text{ in } D$			$D \text{ in } S$		
α_d	0		0	α_s	
$S \text{ out } D$			$D \text{ out } S$		
$1 - \alpha_d$	0		0	$1 - \alpha_s$	
$S \text{ atop } D$			$D \text{ atop } S$		
α_d	$1 - \alpha_s$		$1 - \alpha_d$	α_s	

Table 14.4: Compositing operations and their corresponding source and destination blend factors, assuming pre-multiplied alpha values.

if destination alpha is required in exclusive mode. When the `D3DPMISCCAPS_BLENDOP` bit of `D3DCAPS9::PrimitiveMiscCaps` is set, the device supports the extended blend operators in the `D3DBLENDOP` enumeration. `D3DBLENDOP_ADD` is always supported.

```
#define D3DCAPS3_ALPHA_FULLSCREEN_FLIP_OR_DISCARD 0x00000020L
#define D3DPMISCCAPS_BLENDOP 0x00000800L
```

The `SrcBlendCaps` and `DestBlendCaps` members of `D3DCAPS9` define the supported source and destination blend factors, respectively. Each bit that is set corresponds to a different blend factor. The bits are given by the `D3DPBLENDCAPS` flags. The `D3DPBLENDCAPS_BOTHINVSRCALPHA` bit is only valid for `SrcBlendCaps`.

```
#define D3DPBLENDCAPS_ZERO 0x00000001L
#define D3DPBLENDCAPS_ONE 0x00000002L
#define D3DPBLENDCAPS_SRCCOLOR 0x00000004L
#define D3DPBLENDCAPS_INVSRCALPHA 0x00000008L
#define D3DPBLENDCAPS_SRCALPHA 0x00000010L
#define D3DPBLENDCAPS_INVSRCALPHA 0x00000020L
#define D3DPBLENDCAPS_DESTALPHA 0x00000040L
#define D3DPBLENDCAPS_INVDESTALPHA 0x00000080L
#define D3DPBLENDCAPS_DESTCOLOR 0x00000100L
#define D3DPBLENDCAPS_INVDESTCOLOR 0x00000200L
#define D3DPBLENDCAPS_SRCALPHASAT 0x00000400L
#define D3DPBLENDCAPS_BOTHINVSRCALPHA 0x00001000L
```

14.7 Dithering

All pixel processing conceptually occurs with RGBA colors with at least 8 bits per channel. The render target can have considerably fewer bits per channel, such as `D3DFMT_R3G2B2`. Just before the color is to be written into the render target, Direct3D will reduce the depth of the color channels to match the render target. This can introduce considerable banding artifacts in smooth color gradients when the render target has a reduced color channel depth. Dithering algorithms can reduce the perceived banding considerably.

Dithering operates by computing the error between the original color and the color to be written into the render target. As pixels are written into the render target, the dithering algorithm attempts to distribute this error evenly across the render target surface. There are a large variety of dithering algorithms in the computer graphics literature. Graphics hardware typically uses a variation of the ordered dither algorithm because of its simplicity in implementation and predictability of dithering artifacts.

Dithering is enabled by RS Dither Enable. If the `D3DPRASTERCAPS_DITHER` bit of `D3DCAPS9::RasterCaps` is set, the device supports dithering.

```
#define D3DPRASTERCAPS_DITHER 0x00000001L
```

14.8 Multisampling

With multisampling, multiple color, depth and stencil buffer samples are created for each pixel in the render target. During presentation, the multiple samples are combined to provide full-scene antialiasing and other special effects such as depth-of-field, soft shadows and motion blur. When multisampling is used, the device must be using the discard swap effect in the presentation parameters passed to `CreateDevice` or `Reset`. Direct3D supports from 2 to 16 samples per render target pixel and a device advertises its support for multisampling through the `CheckDeviceMultiSampleType` method of the `IDirect3D9` interface.

Full-scene antialiasing is the most common use of multisampling. `RS Multi Sample Antialias` enables full-scene antialiasing when set to `TRUE` by writing to all samples of a multisample render target. The resulting samples are combined in a weighted average to produce smoother polygon edges and silhouettes. Note that a single color value is used for all samples, it is the coverage of the subsamples that is changed through multisampling. Thus, pixel shaders and fixed-function texture processing are executed once for each pixel, not once for each sample in the pixel. However, depth and stencil information is processed for each sample.

When `RS Multi Sample Antialias` is `FALSE`, individual samples in the multisample render target may be controlled through `RS Multi Sample Mask`. Each sample corresponds to a bit in `RS Multi Sample Mask`, starting with the least significant bit. Special effects can be achieved by performing multiple rendering passes and enabling different samples for each pass.

If there are n samples in a multisample render target, and i samples are enabled during rendering, then the resulting image will have an intensity of i/n after presentation. If all samples are enabled, the image will have the same intensity as if no multisampling were used.

TODO: Raster Caps
Stretch Blt Multi Sample

If the `DDDRasterCapsStretchBltMultiSample` bit of `D3DCAPS9::RasterCaps` is set, then the device performs multisampling through a `StretchBlt`-like operation during presentation. In this form of multisampling, the device does not support the masking of individual samples, `RS Multi Sample Mask` has no effect, and the device cannot toggle the state of `RS Multi Sample Antialias` during the rendering of a scene. This implies that full-scene antialiasing can only be toggled on a per-frame basis and not on a per-primitive basis when this bit is set.

```
#define D3DPRASTERCAPS_STRETCHBLTMULTISAMPLE 0x00800000L
```

Depth of Field

A real camera has a range of depth within the scene where objects are in focus. The range is called the depth of field. The camera model of Direct3D acts as if it has an infinite depth of field, like a pinhole camera. In this case the entire scene is in focus. You can simulate a finite depth of field effect with multisampling using the multisample mask. The idea is to draw the scene in several passes,

jittering the view frustum slightly during each pass. The results of each pass are combined through multisampling during presentation.

Suppose we have a render target with 16 samples. We can render the scene with 16 passes, enabling a different sample with RS Multi Sample Mask during each pass. Each pass uses a slightly different view frustum, but each view frustum intersects the same rectangular region at the same depth from the viewer. The rectangular region in common between all the view frustums is the focal plane where we want all objects to be in focus. Objects distant from the focal plane will be smeared by the jittered view frustums, resulting in an out-of-focus appearance after presentation.

For this effect, it is desirable to have all passes equally weighted, regardless of how many samples are present. To achieve an equal weighting, the same number, or approximately the same number, of samples should be enabled for each pass. Fewer than 16 passes could be used with a fewer number of samples, or groups of samples could be enabled for each pass with 16 samples and a smaller number of passes.

Motion Blur

When objects in the scene are moving at a very fast rate compared to the presentation rate, their motion will exhibit temporal aliasing. A common example is the wheels of wagons shown in movies depicting the American southwest in the 1800s. The spokes of the wheels are moving very rapidly compared to the shutter speed, with the shutter acting as a sampling mechanism that samples the scene over time. In computer graphics, the act of sampling the scene over time occurs through rendering. Each frame in a dynamic rendering captures a single instant in time, but does not account for the motion of objects within the scene during the interval between the previously rendered instant and the current instant.

Very fast moving objects that transition linearly through the scene may appear to simply flash once or twice as they speed in front of the virtual camera. A real camera keeps the shutter open for a fixed duration of time and the image of the moving object results in a blurred streak being imaged on the film of the camera. We can simulate this effect with multisampling by rendering very fast moving objects multiple times per frame, storing each rendering into a subset of the samples.

With depth of field effects, we enabled the same number of samples for each rendering pass, giving an equal weighting to each pass. For motion blur, we can do the same and give equal weighting to each rendering pass resulting in a smooth blur as the object moves during the time interval represented by the frame. However, we might also want to weight the rendering passes representing the “older” images of the object lower and weight the “newer” passes higher.

We want to divide the duration of time t represented by the frame into a number of subintervals N , each representing the duration t/N . With a total of S samples, enabling S/N samples during each rendering pass will give an equal weighting to each pass, as we did for depth of field. To weight “newer” passes

higher in the final rendering, we enable more samples and fewer samples for the older passes. For instance, suppose there were 16 samples and we were going to motion blur a fast moving object with 4 rendering passes. We could enable 1, 2, 4, and 8 samples for each pass, drawing the passes in the order of increasing time. This would give the heaviest weighting (a full one half of the available samples) to the rendering pass considered most recent and the least weighting to the rendering pass considered the least recent.

14.9 Writing to the Render Target

After all frame buffer processing has been applied to a source pixel, its associated depth, stencil, and color data can be written into the render target. The data written is controlled through a collection of write masks.

RS Z Write Enable determines if depth and stencil values are written into the depth/stencil buffer associated with the render target. The depth test itself is enabled independently of the writing of new depth values, allowing the test to reject pixels even when the depth buffer itself remains unmodified. When depth/stencil buffer writes are enabled, **RS Stencil Write Mask** controls which bits of the stencil buffer are modified by the stencil operation.

Individual color channels of the render target can be selected for writing with **RS Color Write Enable**. This render state is a mask containing one or more **D3DCOLORWRITEENABLE** flag bits. Each set bit corresponds to a channel that is enabled for writing.

```
#define D3DCOLORWRITEENABLE_RED    (1L<<0)
#define D3DCOLORWRITEENABLE_GREEN  (1L<<1)
#define D3DCOLORWRITEENABLE_BLUE   (1L<<2)
#define D3DCOLORWRITEENABLE_ALPHA  (1L<<3)
```

The color write mask is supported if the **D3DPMISCCAPS_COLORWRITEENABLE** bit of **D3DCAPS9::PrimitiveMiscCaps** is set.

```
#define D3DPMISCCAPS_COLORWRITEENABLE 0x00000080L
```

Using alpha blending with **RS Src Blend** and **RS Dest Blend** set to **D3DBLEND_ZERO** and **D3DBLEND_ONE**, respectively, will result in no change to the color buffer of the render target. Most drivers recognize this blend combination and avoid any work in performing the blending, allowing applications to modify the depth and stencil buffers even when support for **RS Color Write Enable** is not present.

RS Multi Sample Mask controls which samples of a multisample render target are written. The *i*th bit of the mask, where the least significant bit is numbered 0, enables writing to the *i*th sample in the render target.

14.10 rt_FrameBuffer Sample Application

This sample application demonstrates frame buffer processing by drawing a teapot over a background. The sample demonstrates the alpha test, the depth

test, the stencil test, stencil masking, stencil stippling, alpha blending, dithering, multisample antialiasing, multisample motion blur effects, multisample depth of field effects and frame buffer write masks.

The entire source code is in the code accompanying this book. Listed here is `rt_FrameBuffer.cpp`, containing the “interesting” code of the sample. The sample uses small helper classes that encapsulate reusable Direct3D coding idioms. Their meaning should be straightforward and all such helper classes are placed in the `rt` namespace to highlight their use. The source code contains their definitions.

The alpha test is used in the `render_stencil_stipple` routine on lines 133–172 to reject transparent pixels so that the only portions of the stencil buffer that are written correspond to the opaque areas of the stipple texture. The depth test is configured in the usual manner for visibility testing with no bias in lines 457–459.

The use of stencil planes is demonstrated in several places. Setting the state to clip geometry against nonzero stencil plane values is shown in lines 406–428. Writing values into the stencil planes using geometry is demonstrated in the routines `render_stipple_mask` on lines 98–126 and `render_stencil_stipple` on lines 133–172. The former renders a torus to create an irregular mask consisting of a disc. The latter renders a stipple pattern over the entire back buffer.

Alpha blending is demonstrated through the use of a variety of compositing operators that can be applied to the teapot and the background. By changing the diffuse colors and background colors to an alpha value less than fully opaque, the effect of different blending modes can be visualized. Blending modes requiring destination alpha are disabled when no destination alpha is present in the back buffer.

Dithering, color write enables and Z buffer write enables can be toggled. The effects of dithering can be most readily seen in a 16 bit color display mode. Disable dithering and move the teapot with the arrow keys to see the banding artifacts. Enabling dithering will reduce the banding artifacts considerably.

Multisampling techniques for antialiasing, depth of field effects, and motion blur effects are demonstrated. Antialiasing is shown by setting the appropriate render state on lines 333–335. Motion blur is demonstrated in the routine `render_motion_blur` on lines 246–266. The approach used keeps the *x* and *y* axis rotation angle for the previous frame and the current frame, interpolating between the two for each rendering pass. Depth of field is demonstrated in the routine `render_depth_of_field` on lines 274–307. Here, the viewpoint used to define the viewing matrix is jittered off the *z* axis as the scene is rendered multiple times. The rendered scene consists of 9 teapots instead of a single teapot to more readily visualize the effect.

Back buffers with destination alpha and depth buffers with stencil planes may not be supported on your graphics hardware, particularly if you have an older graphics card. In these situations the program will select the reference rasterizer to provide these features. However, the program also accepts two command line switches that eliminate the requirement of these features. The switches are summarized in table 14.5. The corresponding menu items will be

```
-nodest      Do not require destination alpha.  
-nostencil  Do not require stencil planes.
```

Table 14.5: Command-line switches supported by `rt_FrameBuffer`.

disabled if these command-line switches are used.

Listing 14.1: `rt_FrameBuffer.cpp`: Demonstration of frame buffer processing: alpha blending, stencil masking, stencil stippling, multisample antialiasing, multisample depth of field effects, multisample motion blur effects, dithering and frame buffer write masks.

```

1  //-----  
2  // File: rt_FrameBuffer.cpp  
3  //  
4  // Desc: DirectX window application created by the DirectX AppWizard  
5  //-----  
6  #include <algorithm>  
7  #include <cmath>  
8  #include <sstream>  
9  #include <vector>  
10 #define STRICT  
11 #include <windows.h>  
12 #include <windowsx.h>  
13 #include <commctrl.h>  
14  
15 #include <atlbase.h>  
16  
17 #include <d3dx9.h>  
18  
19 #include "DXUtil.h"  
20 #include "D3DEnumeration.h"  
21 #include "D3DSettings.h"  
22 #include "D3DApp.h"  
23 #include "D3DFont.h"  
24 #include "D3DUtil.h"  
25  
26  
27 #include "rt/app.h"  
28 #include "rt/hr.h"  
29 #include "rt/mat.h"  
30 #include "rt/mesh.h"  
31 #include "rt/misc.h"  
32 #include "rt/rt_ColorSel.h"  
33 #include "rt/states.h"  
34 #include "rt/surface.h"
```

```
35 #include "rt/texture.h"
36 #include "rt/tstring.h"
37 #include "rt/vertexbuf.h"
38
39 #include "resource.h"
40 #include "rt_FrameBuffer.h"
41
42 const UINT
43 CMyD3DApplication::STIPPLE_SIZE = 64;
44 const UINT
45 CMyD3DApplication::TILE_SIZE = 64;
46
47 /////////////////////////////////
48 // CMyD3DApplication::s_screen_vertex::FVF
49 //
50 // FVF code for screen-space vertices used to draw the stipple texture
51 //
52 const DWORD CMyD3DApplication::s_screen_vertex::FVF =
53     D3DFVF_XYZRHW | D3DFVF_TEX1 | D3DFVF_TEXCOORDSIZE2(0);
54
55 /////////////////////////////////
56 // g_jitterN, sm_jitter
57 //
58 // jitter coefficients used for depth of field multisampling
59 //
60 const float g_jitter1[2] =
61 {
62     0, 0
63 };
64 const float g_jitter2[4] =
65 {
66     0.25f,          0.75f,
67     0.75f,          0.25f
68 };
69 const float g_jitter3[6] =
70 {
71     0.5033922635f, 0.8317967229f,
72     0.7806016275f, 0.2504380877f,
73     0.2261828938f, 0.4131553612f
74 };
75 const float g_jitter4[8] =
76 {
77     0.375f,          0.25f,
78     0.125f,          0.75f,
79     0.875f,          0.25f,
80     0.625f,          0.75f
```

```
81    };
82    const float g_jitter5[10] =
83    {
84        0.5f,           0.5f,
85        0.3f,           0.1f,
86        0.7f,           0.9f,
87        0.9f,           0.3f,
88        0.1f,           0.7f
89    };
90    const float g_jitter6[12] =
91    {
92        0.4646464646f, 0.4646464646f,
93        0.1313131313f, 0.7979797979f,
94        0.5353535353f, 0.8686868686f,
95        0.8686868686f, 0.5353535353f,
96        0.7979797979f, 0.1313131313f,
97        0.2020202020f, 0.2020202020f
98    };
99    const float g_jitter8[16] =
100   {
101        0.5625f,         0.4375f,
102        0.0625f,         0.9375f,
103        0.3125f,         0.6875f,
104        0.6875f,         0.8125f,
105        0.8125f,         0.1875f,
106        0.9375f,         0.5625f,
107        0.4375f,         0.0625f,
108        0.1875f,         0.3125f
109    };
110   const float g_jitter9[18] =
111   {
112        0.5f,           0.5f,
113        0.1666666666f, 0.9444444444f,
114        0.5f,           0.1666666666f,
115        0.5f,           0.8333333333f,
116        0.1666666666f, 0.2777777777f,
117        0.8333333333f, 0.3888888888f,
118        0.1666666666f, 0.6111111111f,
119        0.8333333333f, 0.7222222222f,
120        0.8333333333f, 0.0555555555f,
121    };
122   const float g_jitter12[24] =
123   {
124        0.4166666666f, 0.625f,
125        0.9166666666f, 0.875f,
126        0.25f,           0.375f,
```

```
127      0.4166666666f,  0.125f,
128      0.75f,          0.125f,
129      0.0833333333f,  0.125f,
130      0.75f,          0.625f,
131      0.25f,          0.875f,
132      0.5833333333f,  0.375f,
133      0.9166666666f,  0.375f,
134      0.0833333333f,  0.625f,
135      0.5833333333f,  0.875f
136  };
137 const float g_jitter16[32] =
138 {
139     0.375f,          0.4375f,
140     0.625f,          0.0625f,
141     0.875f,          0.1875f,
142     0.125f,          0.0625f,
143     0.375f,          0.6875f,
144     0.875f,          0.4375f,
145     0.625f,          0.5625f,
146     0.375f,          0.9375f,
147     0.625f,          0.3125f,
148     0.125f,          0.5625f,
149     0.125f,          0.8125f,
150     0.375f,          0.1875f,
151     0.875f,          0.9375f,
152     0.875f,          0.6875f,
153     0.125f,          0.3125f,
154     0.625f,          0.8125f
155 };
156 const float *
157 CMyD3DApplication::sm_jitter[16] =
158 {
159     g_jitter1,
160     g_jitter2,
161     g_jitter3,
162     g_jitter4,
163     g_jitter5,
164     g_jitter6,
165     g_jitter8,
166     g_jitter8,
167     g_jitter9,
168     g_jitter12,
169     g_jitter12,
170     g_jitter12,
171     g_jitter16,
172     g_jitter16,
```



```
219 // parse_command_line
220 //
221 // Parse the command line, looking for the switches:
222 //
223 // -nodest      Don't use destination alpha
224 // -nostencil   Don't use stencil planes
225 //
226 // Throw up a message box if we encounter something we don't recognize.
227 //
228 bool
229 parse_command_line(LPCTSTR command_line, DWORD &stencil_bits)
230 {
231     rt::tstringstream args(command_line);
232     rt::tstring arg;
233     while (!args.eof())
234     {
235         args >> arg;
236         if (_T("-nostencil") == arg)
237         {
238             stencil_bits = 0;
239         }
240         else if (arg.length())
241         {
242             rt::tostringstream barf;
243             barf << _T("I did not recognize the switch ')') << arg
244                 << _T("' in the command line\n\"") << command_line
245                 << _T("\n\nValid switches are:\n")
246                 << _T("-nostencil\tDon't use stencil planes.\n");
247             ::MessageBox(NULL, barf.str().c_str(),
248                         _T("rt_FrameBuffer: Invalid Command Line Argument"), MB_OK);
249
250             return false;
251         }
252     }
253
254     return true;
255 }
256
257 //-----
258 // Name: _tWinMain()
259 // Desc: Entry point to the program. Initializes everything, and goes into a
260 //        message-processing loop. Idle time is used to render the scene.
261 //-----
262 INT WINAPI
263 _tWinMain(HINSTANCE instance, HINSTANCE, LPTSTR command_line, int)
264 {
```

```
265     DWORD stencil_bits = 2;
266     if (!parse_command_line(command_line, stencil_bits))
267     {
268         return 0;
269     }
270
271     try
272     {
273         CMyD3DApplication d3dApp(stencil_bits);
274
275         g_pApp = &d3dApp;
276         g_hInst = instance;
277
278         ::InitCommonControls();
279         if (FAILED(d3dApp.Create(instance)))
280             return 0;
281
282         return d3dApp.Run();
283     }
284     catch (rt::hr_message &bang)
285     {
286         return rt::display_error(bang);
287     }
288     catch (...)
289     {
290         return E_UNEXPECTED;
291     }
292 }
293
294 HMENU
295 find_menu(HMENU menu, const rt::tstring &text)
296 {
297     UINT count = ::GetMenuItemCount(menu);
298     for (UINT i = 0; i < count; i++)
299     {
300         MENUITEMINFO info = { sizeof(info), MIIM_TYPE | MIIM_SUBMENU };
301         TWS(::GetMenuItemInfo(menu, i, TRUE, &info));
302         if ((MFT_STRING == info.fType) && info.hSubMenu)
303         {
304             std::vector<TCHAR> buff(info.cch+2);
305             info.dwTypeData = &buff[0];
306             info.cch = buff.size();
307             TWS(::GetMenuItemInfo(menu, i, TRUE, &info));
308             if (text == info.dwTypeData)
309             {
310                 return info.hSubMenu;
```

```
311         }
312     }
313 }
314
315     return HMENU(NULL);
316 }
317
318 void
319 enable_menu(HMENU menu, const rt::tstring &text, bool enabled)
320 {
321     UINT count = ::GetMenuItemCount(menu);
322     for (UINT i = 0; i < count; i++)
323     {
324         MENUITEMINFO info =
325             { sizeof(info), MIIM_STATE | MIIM_TYPE | MIIM_SUBMENU };
326         TWS(::GetMenuItemInfo(menu, i, TRUE, &info));
327         if ((MFT_STRING == info.fType) && info.hSubMenu)
328         {
329             std::vector<TCHAR> buff(info.cch+2);
330             info.dwTypeData = &buff[0];
331             info.cch = buff.size();
332             TWS(::GetMenuItemInfo(menu, i, TRUE, &info));
333             if (text == info.dwTypeData)
334             {
335                 info.fState &= ~(MFS_ENABLED | MFS_DISABLED);
336                 info.fState |= enabled ? MFS_ENABLED : MFS_DISABLED;
337                 info.fMask = MIIM_STATE;
338                 TWS(::SetMenuItemInfo(menu, i, TRUE, &info));
339                 return;
340             }
341         }
342     }
343 // should have found it
344 ATLASASSERT(false);
345 }
346
347 //-----
348 // Name: CMyD3DApplication()
349 // Desc: Application constructor. Paired with ~CMyD3DApplication()
350 // Member variables should be initialized to a known state here.
351 // The application window has not yet been created and no Direct3D device
352 // has been created, so any initialization that depends on a window or
353 // Direct3D should be deferred to a later stage.
354 //-----
355 CMyD3DApplication::CMyD3DApplication(DWORD stencil_bits) :
356     CD3DApplication(),
```

```
357     m_teapot(),
358     m_texture(),
359     m_tile(),
360     m_device_tile(),
361     m_torus(),
362     m_stipple_verts(),
363     m_stipple(),
364     m_tile_rects(),
365     m_tile_offsets(),
366     m_texture_file(_T("dx5_logo.bmp")),
367     m_num_stipple_quads(0),
368     m_text_fg(D3DCOLOR_XRGB(255, 255, 0)),
369     m_specular(D3DCOLOR_XRGB(255, 255, 255)),
370     m_bg(D3DCOLOR_XRGB(0, 0, 0)),
371     m_fg(D3DCOLOR_XRGB(255, 255, 255)),
372     m_light_color(D3DCOLOR_XRGB(255, 255, 255)),
373     m_blend_factor(D3DCOLOR_ARGB(128, 128, 128, 128)),
374     m_color_composite(E_COMPOSITE_NONE),
375     m_alpha_composite(E_COMPOSITE_NONE),
376     m_color_blend_op(D3DBLENDOP_ADD),
377     m_color_src_blend(D3DBLEND_ONE),
378     m_color_dest_blend(D3DBLEND_ZERO),
379     m_alpha_blend_op(D3DBLENDOP_ADD),
380     m_alpha_src_blend(D3DBLEND_ONE),
381     m_alpha_dest_blend(D3DBLEND_ZERO),
382     m_can_separate_alpha_blend(false),
383     m_color_allow_dest_alpha(false),
384     m_color_blend_enable(true),
385     m_alpha_allow_dest_alpha(false),
386     m_alpha_blend_enable(false),
387     m_multisample_motion_blur(false),
388     m_multisample_depth_of_field(false),
389     m_multisample_antialias(false),
390     m_color_write_enable_red(true),
391     m_color_write_enable_green(true),
392     m_color_write_enable_blue(true),
393     m_color_write_enable_alpha(true),
394     m_z_write_enable(true),
395     m_textured(false),
396     m_stencil_stippling(false),
397     m_stencil_mask(false),
398     m_show_stats(true),
399     m_animate_view(false),
400     m_dithered(false),
401     m_can_texture(false),
402     m_destination_alpha(false),
```

```
403     m_tile_background(false),
404     m_build_stencil(false),
405     m_can_scissor(false),
406     m_scissor_enable(false),
407     m_last_rot_x(0.0f),
408     m_last_rot_y(0.0f),
409     m_bLoadingApp(TRUE),
410     m_font(_T("Arial"), 12, D3DFONT_BOLD),
411     m_input(),
412     m_rot_x(0.0f),
413     m_rot_y(0.0f)
414 {
415     m_dwCreationWidth          = 500;
416     m_dwCreationHeight         = 375;
417     m_strWindowTitle          = _T("rt_FrameBuffer");
418     m_d3dEnumeration.AppUsesDepthBuffer = TRUE;
419     m_bStartFullscreen         = false;
420     m_bShowCursorWhenFullscreen = false;
421
422     RECT zero = { 0 };
423     m_scissor_rect = zero;
424
425     // Read settings from registry
426     ReadSettings();
427
428     m_d3dEnumeration.AppMinStencilBits = stencil_bits;
429 }
430
431
432
433
434 //-----
435 // Name: ~CMyD3DApplication()
436 // Desc: Application destructor. Paired with CMyD3DApplication()
437 //-----
438 CMyD3DApplication::~CMyD3DApplication()
439 {
440 }
441
442
443
444
445 //-----
446 // Name: OneTimeSceneInit()
447 // Desc: Paired with FinalCleanup().
448 //       The window has been created and the IDirect3D9 interface has been
```

```
449 //      created, but the device has not been created yet. Here you can
450 //      perform application-related initialization and cleanup that does
451 //      not depend on a device.
452 //-----
453 HRESULT CMyD3DApplication::OneTimeSceneInit()
454 {
455     // Drawing loading status message until app finishes loading
456     ::SendMessage(m_hWnd, WM_PAINT, 0, 0);
457
458     m_bLoadingApp = FALSE;
459
460     set_menu_data();
461
462     return S_OK;
463 }
464
465
466
467
468 //-----
469 // Name: ReadSettings()
470 // Desc: Read the app settings from the registry
471 //-----
472 VOID CMyD3DApplication::ReadSettings()
473 {
474     HKEY hkey;
475     if (ERROR_SUCCESS == ::RegCreateKeyEx(HKEY_CURRENT_USER, DXAPP_KEY,
476         0, NULL, REG_OPTION_NON_VOLATILE, KEY_ALL_ACCESS, NULL, &hkey, NULL))
477     {
478         // Read the stored window width/height. This is just an example,
479         // of how to use ::DXUtil_Read*() functions.
480         ::DXUtil_ReadIntRegKey(hkey, _T("Width"), &m_dwCreationWidth, m_dwCreationWidth);
481         ::DXUtil_ReadIntRegKey(hkey, _T("Height"), &m_dwCreationHeight, m_dwCreationHeight);
482
483         ::RegCloseKey(hkey);
484     }
485 }
486
487
488
489
490 //-----
491 // Name: WriteSettings()
492 // Desc: Write the app settings to the registry
493 //-----
494 VOID CMyD3DApplication::WriteSettings()
```

```
495     {
496         HKEY hkey;
497
498         if (ERROR_SUCCESS == ::RegCreateKeyEx(HKEY_CURRENT_USER, DXAPP_KEY,
499             0, NULL, REG_OPTION_NON_VOLATILE, KEY_ALL_ACCESS, NULL, &hkey, NULL))
500     {
501         // Write the window width/height. This is just an example,
502         // of how to use ::DXUtil_Write*() functions.
503         ::DXUtil_WriteIntRegKey(hkey, _T("Width"), m_rcWindowClient.right);
504         ::DXUtil_WriteIntRegKey(hkey, _T("Height"), m_rcWindowClient.bottom);
505
506         ::RegCloseKey(hkey);
507     }
508 }
509
510 //-----
511 // Name: InitDeviceObjects()
512 // Desc: Paired with DeleteDeviceObjects()
513 //       The device has been created. Resources that are not lost on
514 //       Reset() can be created here -- resources in D3DPOOL_MANAGED,
515 //       D3DPOOL_SCRATCH, or D3DPOOL_SYSTEMMEM. Image surfaces created via
516 //       CreateImageSurface are never lost and can be created here. Vertex
517 //       shaders and pixel shaders can also be created here as they are not
518 //       lost on Reset().
519 //-----
520 HRESULT CMyD3DApplication::InitDeviceObjects()
521 {
522     // rather than reject devices without this cap, we simply disable
523     // texturing and allow rendering with the diffuse color on this device.
524     m_can_texture =
525         (m_d3dCaps.TextureFilterCaps & D3DPTEXTCAPS_MINLINEAR) &&
526         (m_d3dCaps.TextureFilterCaps & D3DPTEXTCAPS_MAGLINEAR) &&
527         (m_d3dCaps.TextureFilterCaps & D3DPTEXTCAPS_MIPILINEAR) &&
528         (m_d3dCaps.TextureOpCaps & D3DTEXOPCAPS_SELECTARG2) &&
529         (m_d3dCaps.TextureOpCaps & D3DTEXOPCAPS_MODULATE) &&
530         (m_d3dCaps.TextureAddressCaps & D3DPTADDRESSCAPS_WRAP) &&
531         (m_d3dCaps.VertexProcessingCaps & D3DVTXPCAPS_TEXGEN);
532     if (m_can_texture)
533     {
534         create_texture();
535     }
536     DWORD passes = 0;
537     const HRESULT hr = m_pd3dDevice->ValidateDevice(&passes);
538     if (FAILED(hr))
539     {
540         m_can_texture = false;
```

```

541         }
542     }
543 }
544 if (!m_can_texture)
545 {
546     m_textured = false;
547     m_texture = 0;
548 }
549
550 // Create a teapot mesh using D3DX and optimize it
551 {
552     rt::dx_buffer<DWORD> adj;
553     THR(::D3DXCreateTeapot(m_pd3dDevice, &m_teapot, &adj));
554     THR(m_teapot->OptimizeInplace(D3DXMESHOPT_ATTRSORT, adj,
555                                     NULL, NULL, NULL));
556 }
557
558 // create a background ARGB tile with three steps in alpha in Y
559 // and a gradient in rgb in X
560 THR(m_pd3dDevice->CreateOffscreenPlainSurface(TILE_SIZE, TILE_SIZE,
561                                                 D3DFMT_A8R8G8B8, D3DPPOOL_SCRATCH, &m_tile, NULL));
562 {
563     rt::surface_lock lock(m_tile);
564     for (UINT y = 0; y < TILE_SIZE; y++)
565     {
566         DWORD *row = lock.scanline32(y);
567         BYTE alpha = 0;
568         if (y < TILE_SIZE/3)
569         {
570             alpha = 255/3;
571         }
572         else if (y < 2*TILE_SIZE/3)
573         {
574             alpha = 255*2/3;
575         }
576         else
577         {
578             alpha = 255;
579         }
580         for (UINT x = 0; x < TILE_SIZE; x++)
581         {
582             const BYTE rgb = BYTE(alpha*x/(TILE_SIZE-1));
583             row[x] = D3DCOLOR_ARGB(alpha, rgb, rgb, rgb);
584         }
585     }
586 }
```

```
587
588     // create a torus used to create the stencil mask
589     THR(::D3DXCreateTorus(m_pd3dDevice, 0.325f, 0.65f, 10, 50, &m_torus, NULL));
590
591     // create a stipple texture pattern
592     THR(::D3DXCreateTexture(m_pd3dDevice, STIPPLE_SIZE, STIPPLE_SIZE, 1, 0,
593                               D3DFMT_A8R8G8B8, D3DPPOOL_MANAGED, &m_stipple));
594 {
595     rt::texture_lock lock(m_stipple);
596     for (UINT y = 0; y < STIPPLE_SIZE; y++)
597     {
598         DWORD *texels = lock.scanline32(y);
599         for (UINT x = 0; x < STIPPLE_SIZE; x++)
600         {
601             if ((y/4) & 1)
602             {
603                 texels[x] = ((x/4) & 1) ? ~0 : 0;
604             }
605             else
606             {
607                 texels[x] = ((x/4) & 1) ? 0 : ~0;
608             }
609         }
610     }
611 }
612
613     // Init the font
614     THR(m_font.InitDeviceObjects(m_pd3dDevice));
615
616     return S_OK;
617 }
618
619
620
621
622 //-----
623 // Name: RestoreDeviceObjects()
624 // Desc: Paired with InvalidateDeviceObjects()
625 //        The device exists, but may have just been Reset(). Resources in
626 //        D3DPPOOL_DEFAULT and any other device state that persists during
627 //        rendering should be set here. Render states, matrices, textures,
628 //        etc., that don't change during rendering can be set once here to
629 //        avoid redundant state setting during Render() or FrameMove().
630 //-----
631 HRESULT CMyD3DApplication::RestoreDeviceObjects()
632 {
```

```

633     HMENU menu = TWS(::GetMenu(m_hWnd));
634
635     m_can_scissor = (m_d3dCaps.RasterCaps & D3DPRASTERCAPS_SCISSORTEST) != 0;
636     rt::enable_menu(menu, ID_OPTIONS_SCISSORTEST, m_can_scissor);
637     if (m_scissor_enable)
638     {
639         m_scissor_enable = false;
640         rt::check_menu(menu, ID_OPTIONS_SCISSORTEST, false);
641     }
642
643     update_blending(menu, false);
644     m_destination_alpha = (D3DFMT_A8R8G8B8 == m_d3dsdBackBuffer.Format) ||
645         (D3DFMT_A1R5G5B5 == m_d3dsdBackBuffer.Format) ||
646         (D3DFMT_A2R10G10B10 == m_d3dsdBackBuffer.Format);
647     m_can_separate_alpha_blend =
648         0 != (m_d3dCaps.PrimitiveMiscCaps & D3DPMISCCAPS_SEPARATEALPHABLEND);
649     update_blending(menu, true);
650
651     // if D3DRS_COLORWRITEENABLE is not supported, disable menu items
652     {
653         const bool mask_colors = 0 !=
654             (m_d3dCaps.PrimitiveMiscCaps & D3DPMISCCAPS_COLORWRITEENABLE);
655         rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_COLOR_WRITE_ENABLE_RED, mask_colors);
656         rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_COLOR_WRITE_ENABLE_GREEN, mask_colors);
657         rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_COLOR_WRITE_ENABLE_BLUE, mask_colors);
658         rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_COLOR_WRITE_ENABLE_ALPHA, mask_colors);
659     }
660
661     // can't do any stencil effects without stencil bits
662     {
663         const bool support = (m_d3dEnumeration.AppMinStencilBits >= 2);
664         if (!support)
665         {
666             m_stencil_mask = false;
667             m_stencil_stippling = false;
668             rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_STENCIL_IRREGULAR_MASK, false);
669             rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_STENCIL_STIPPLING, false);
670         }
671         enable_menu(menu, _T("&Stenciling"), support);
672     }
673
674     // can't do separate alpha channel blend
675     enable_menu(menu, _T("&Alpha Blend"), m_can_separate_alpha_blend);
676
677     // can't do any of these without multisampling
678     if (D3DMULTISAMPLE_NONE == m_d3dpp.MultiSampleType)

```

```

679     {
680         m_multisample_antialias = false;
681         m_multisample_depth_of_field = false;
682         m_multisample_motion_blur = false;
683
684         rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_ANTIALIAS, false);
685         rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_DEPTH_OF_FIELD, false);
686         rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_MOTION_BLUR, false);
687
688         enable_menu(menu, _T("&Multisampling"), false);
689         //rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_ANTIALIAS, false);
690         //rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_DEPTH_OF_FIELD, false);
691         //rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_MOTION_BLUR, false);
692     }
693 #if 0
694     // if this cap is set, can't do motion blur or depth of field
695     else if (m_d3dCaps.RasterCaps & D3DPRASTERCAPS_STRETCHBLTMULTISAMPLE)
696     {
697         m_multisample_depth_of_field = false;
698         m_multisample_motion_blur = false;
699
700         rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_DEPTH_OF_FIELD, false);
701         rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_MOTION_BLUR, false);
702
703         rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_ANTIALIAS, true);
704         rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_DEPTH_OF_FIELD, false);
705         rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_MOTION_BLUR, false);
706     }
707 #endif
708     else
709     {
710         enable_menu(menu, _T("&Multisampling"), true);
711         //rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_ANTIALIAS, true);
712         //rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_DEPTH_OF_FIELD, true);
713         //rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_MOTION_BLUR, true);
714     }
715     TWS(::DrawMenuBar(m_hWnd));
716
717     // Set up our view matrix. A view matrix can be defined given an eye point,
718     // a point to lookat, and a direction for which way is up. Here, we set the
719     // eye five units back along the z-axis and up three units, look at the
720     // origin, and define "up" to be in the y-direction.
721
722     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetTransform(D3DTS_VIEW,
723         rt::anon(rt::mat_look_at(D3DXVECTOR3(0, 0, -5))))) ;
724

```

```

725     // Set the projection matrix
726     D3DXMATRIX matProj;
727     float aspect = ((float) m_d3dsdBackBuffer.Width)/m_d3dsdBackBuffer.Height;
728     ::D3DXMatrixPerspectiveFovLH(&matProj, D3DX_PI/4, aspect, 1.0f, 7.0f);
729     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetTransform(D3DTS_PROJECTION, &matProj));
730
731     // Set up lighting states
732     D3DLIGHT9 light;
733     ::D3DUtil_InitLight(light, D3DLIGHT_DIRECTIONAL, -1.0f, -1.0f, 2.0f);
734     m_pd3dDevice->SetLight(0, &light);
735     m_pd3dDevice->LightEnable(0, TRUE);
736     m_pd3dDevice->SetRenderState(D3DRS_LIGHTING, TRUE);
737
738     // create a tile in the same format as the back buffer and load it
739     THR(m_pd3dDevice->CreateOffscreenPlainSurface(TILE_SIZE, TILE_SIZE,
740         m_d3dsdBackBuffer.Format, D3DPPOOL_DEFAULT, &m_device_tile, NULL));
741     THR(::D3DXLoadSurfaceFromSurface(m_device_tile, NULL, NULL,
742         m_tile, NULL, NULL, D3DX_FILTER_NONE, 0));
743
744     // rebuild stencil planes if needed
745     m_build_stencil = m_stencil_mask || m_stencil_stippling;
746
747     // build RECTs and POINTs for tiling the background
748     m_tile_rects.clear();
749     m_tile_offsets.clear();
750     const UINT width = m_d3dsdBackBuffer.Width;
751     const UINT height = m_d3dsdBackBuffer.Height;
752     UINT y;
753     for (y = 0; y < height; y += TILE_SIZE)
754     {
755         for (UINT x = 0; x < width; x += TILE_SIZE)
756         {
757             const bool y_even = ((y/TILE_SIZE) & 1) == 0;
758             const bool x_even = ((x/TILE_SIZE) & 1) == 0;
759
760             if ((x_even && y_even) || (!x_even && !y_even))
761             {
762                 const POINT offset = { x, y };
763                 const RECT rect =
764                 {
765                     0, 0,
766                     (x + TILE_SIZE) <= width ? TILE_SIZE : width-x,
767                     (y + TILE_SIZE) <= height ? TILE_SIZE : height-y
768                 };
769                 m_tile_rects.push_back(rect);
770                 m_tile_offsets.push_back(offset);

```

```
771         }
772     }
773 }
774
775 // build s_screen_vertex structures for stippling the window
776 m_stipple_verts = 0;
777 m_num_stipple_quads = (width + STIPPLE_SIZE - 1)/STIPPLE_SIZE*
778     (height + STIPPLE_SIZE - 1)/STIPPLE_SIZE;
779 THR(m_pd3dDevice->CreateVertexBuffer(m_num_stipple_quads*6*sizeof(s_screen_vertex),
780     D3DUSAGE_WRITEONLY, s_screen_vertex::FVF, D3DPPOOL_MANAGED,
781     &m_stipple_verts, NULL));
782 rt::vertex_lock<s_screen_vertex> verts(m_stipple_verts);
783 s_screen_vertex *quad = verts.data();
784 for (y = 0; y < height; y += STIPPLE_SIZE)
785 {
786     for (UINT x = 0; x < width; x += STIPPLE_SIZE)
787     {
788         const float right = float(std::min(x + STIPPLE_SIZE, width));
789         const float bottom = float(std::min(y + STIPPLE_SIZE, height));
790         quad[0].x = x + 0.5f;
791         quad[0].y = y + 0.5f;
792         quad[0].z = 0.99f;
793         quad[0].rhw = 0.99f;
794         quad[0].u = 0;
795         quad[0].v = 1;
796
797         quad[1].x = right + 0.5f;
798         quad[1].y = y + 0.5f;
799         quad[1].z = 0.99f;
800         quad[1].rhw = 0.99f;
801         quad[1].u = 1;
802         quad[1].v = 1;
803
804         quad[2].x = x + 0.5f;
805         quad[2].y = bottom + 0.5f;
806         quad[2].z = 0.99f;
807         quad[2].rhw = 0.99f;
808         quad[2].u = 0;
809         quad[2].v = 0;
810
811         quad[3].x = x + 0.5f;
812         quad[3].y = bottom + 0.5f;
813         quad[3].z = 0.99f;
814         quad[3].rhw = 0.99f;
815         quad[3].u = 0;
816         quad[3].v = 0;
```

```

817
818     quad[4].x = right + 0.5f;
819     quad[4].y = y + 0.5f;
820     quad[4].z = 0.99f;
821     quad[4].rhw = 0.99f;
822     quad[4].u = 1;
823     quad[4].v = 1;
824
825     quad[5].x = right + 0.5f;
826     quad[5].y = bottom + 0.5f;
827     quad[5].z = 0.99f;
828     quad[5].rhw = 0.99f;
829     quad[5].u = 1;
830     quad[5].v = 0;
831
832     quad += 6;
833 }
834 }
835
836 // Restore the font
837 THR(m_font.RestoreDeviceObjects());
838
839 return S_OK;
840 }
841
842
843
844
845 //-----
846 // Name: FrameMove()
847 // Desc: Called once per frame, the call is the entry point for animating
848 //       the scene.
849 //-----
850 HRESULT CMyD3DApplication::FrameMove()
851 {
852     // Update user input state
853     UpdateInput();
854
855     m_last_rot_x = m_rot_x;
856     m_last_rot_y = m_rot_y;
857
858     // Update the world state according to user input
859     if (m_animate_view)
860     {
861         m_rot_y += m_fElapsedTime;
862         if (m_rot_y > 2*D3DX_PI)

```

```
863         {
864             m_rot_y = std::fmodf(m_rot_y, 2*D3DX_PI);
865         }
866     }
867     else
868     {
869         if (m_input.m_left && !m_input.m_right)
870         {
871             m_rot_y += m_fElapsedTime;
872         }
873         else if (m_input.m_right && !m_input.m_left)
874         {
875             m_rot_y -= m_fElapsedTime;
876         }
877     }
878     if (m_input.m_up && !m_input.m_down)
879     {
880         m_rot_x += m_fElapsedTime;
881     }
882     else if (m_input.m_down && !m_input.m_up)
883     {
884         m_rot_x -= m_fElapsedTime;
885     }
886
887     return S_OK;
888 }
889
890
891
892
893 //-----
894 // Name: UpdateInput()
895 // Desc: Update the user input. Called once per frame
896 //-----
897 void CMyD3DApplication::UpdateInput()
898 {
899     m_input.m_up    = (m_bActive && (GetAsyncKeyState(VK_UP)    & 0x8000) == 0x8000);
900     m_input.m_down  = (m_bActive && (GetAsyncKeyState(VK_DOWN)  & 0x8000) == 0x8000);
901     m_input.m_left  = (m_bActive && (GetAsyncKeyState(VK_LEFT)  & 0x8000) == 0x8000);
902     m_input.m_right = (m_bActive && (GetAsyncKeyState(VK_RIGHT) & 0x8000) == 0x8000);
903 }
904
905
906
907
908 //-----
```

```

909 // Name: Render()
910 // Desc: Called once per frame, the call is the entry point for 3d
911 // rendering. This function sets up render states, clears the
912 // viewport, and renders the scene.
913 //-----
914 HRESULT CMyD3DApplication::Render()
915 {
916     // Clear the viewport
917     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetRenderState(D3DRS_SCISSORTESTENABLE, FALSE));
918     THR(m_pd3dDevice->Clear(0L, NULL, D3DCLEAR_TARGET |
919                               D3DCLEAR_ZBUFFER, m_bg, 1.0f, 0L));
920
921     if (m_tile_background)
922     {
923         tile_background();
924     }
925
926     // enable or disable full-scene antialiasing
927     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetRenderState(
928         D3DRS_MULTISAMPLEANTIALIAS,
929         m_multisample_antialias));
930
931     THR(m_pd3dDevice->BeginScene());
932
933     // set up state for rendering: materials & lighting
934     D3DMATERIAL9 mtrl;
935     ::D3DUtil_InitMaterial(mtrl, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f);
936     mtrl.Diffuse = D3DXCOLOR(m_fg);
937     mtrl.Specular = D3DXCOLOR(m_specular);
938     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetMaterial(&mtrl));
939
940     // build stencil planes, if necessary
941     if (m_build_stencil)
942     {
943         render_stencil();
944         m_build_stencil = false;
945     }
946
947     // texturing states
948     if (m_can_texture && m_textured)
949     {
950         const rt::s_tss ts_states[] =
951         {
952             D3DTSS_TEXCOORDINDEX,
953             D3DTSS_TCI_CAMERASPACEPOSITION,
954             D3DTSS_COLORARG1, D3DTA_TEXTURE,

```

```
955         D3DTSS_COLOROP, D3DTOP_MODULATE,
956         D3DTSS_COLORARG2, D3DTA_DIFFUSE,
957         D3DTSS_ALPHAARG1, D3DTA_TEXTURE,
958         D3DTSS_ALPHAOP, D3DTOP_SELECTARG2,
959         D3DTSS_ALPHAARG2, D3DTA_DIFFUSE,
960         D3DTSS_TEXTURETRANSFORMFLAGS, D3DTFF_COUNT2
961     };
962     rt::set_states(m_pd3dDevice, 0, ts_states,
963                    NUM_OF(ts_states));
964     const rt::s_ss samp_states[] =
965     {
966         D3DSAMP_ADDRESSU, D3DTADDRESS_WRAP,
967         D3DSAMP_ADDRESSV, D3DTADDRESS_WRAP,
968         D3DSAMP_MINFILTER, D3DTEXF_LINEAR,
969         D3DSAMP_MAGFILTER, D3DTEXF_LINEAR,
970         D3DSAMP_MIPFILTER, D3DTEXF_LINEAR
971     };
972     rt::set_states(m_pd3dDevice, 0, samp_states,
973                    NUM_OF(samp_states));
974     ATLASSERT(m_texture);
975     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetTexture(0, m_texture));
976     // set a (u,v) transform that makes the flag
977     // rectangular and positioned nicely on the
978     // teapot. Invert the y-axis to get it in
979     // the proper vertical orientation. Rotate
980     // it around the Z axis to make it a little
981     // more interesting.
982     D3DXMATRIX texform =
983         rt::mat_rot_z(D3DX_PI/4.0f)*
984         rt::mat_scale(0.5f, -1, 1)*
985         rt::mat_trans(-0.6f, -0.5f, 0);
986     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetTransform(D3DTS_TEXTURE0,
987                                     &texform));
988 }
989 else
990 {
991     // disable texturing
992     const rt::s_tss ts_states[] =
993     {
994         D3DTSS_TEXCOORDINDEX, 0,
995         D3DTSS_TEXTURETRANSFORMFLAGS, D3DTFF_DISABLE,
996         D3DTSS_COLOROP, D3DTOP_DISABLE,
997         D3DTSS_ALPHAOP, D3DTOP_DISABLE
998     };
999     rt::set_states(m_pd3dDevice, 0, ts_states,
1000                    NUM_OF(ts_states));
```

```

1001     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetTexture(0, NULL));
1002 }
1003
1004 // stencil test state
1005 if (m_stencil_mask || m_stencil_stippling)
1006 {
1007     // draw teapot only where no stencil bits set,
1008     // and don't modify the stencil bits
1009     rt::s_rs states[] =
1010     {
1011         D3DRS_STENCILENABLE, true,
1012         D3DRS_STENCILFUNC, D3DCMP_EQUAL,
1013         D3DRS_STENCILREF, 0,
1014         D3DRS_STENCILMASK, ~0UL,
1015         D3DRS_STENCILWRITEMASK, 0,
1016         D3DRS_STENCILFAIL, D3DSTENCILOP_KEEP,
1017         D3DRS_STENCILPASS, D3DSTENCILOP_KEEP,
1018         D3DRS_STENCILZFAIL, D3DSTENCILOP_KEEP
1019     };
1020     rt::set_states(m_pd3dDevice, states,
1021                   NUM_OF(states));
1022 }
1023 else
1024 {
1025     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetRenderState(
1026         D3DRS_STENCILENABLE, false));
1027 }
1028
1029 // setup blending state
1030 {
1031     rt::s_rs states[] =
1032     {
1033         D3DRS_ALPHABLENDENABLE, m_color_blend_enable,
1034         D3DRS_SRCBLEND, m_color_src_blend,
1035         D3DRS_DESTBLEND, m_color_dest_blend,
1036         D3DRS_BLENDOP, m_color_blend_op,
1037         D3DRS_BLENDFACTOR, m_blend_factor,
1038         D3DRS_SEPARATEALPHABLENDENABLE, m_alpha_blend_enable,
1039         D3DRS_SRCBLENDALPHA, m_alpha_src_blend,
1040         D3DRS_DESTBLENDALPHA, m_alpha_dest_blend,
1041         D3DRS_BLENDOPALPHA, m_alpha_blend_op
1042     };
1043     rt::set_states(m_pd3dDevice, states,
1044                   NUM_OF(states));
1045 }
1046

```

```
1047     // frame buffer render states
1048     const rt::s_rs states[] =
1049     {
1050         D3DRS_SCISSORTESTENABLE, m_scissor_enable,
1051         D3DRS_NORMALIZENORMALS, true,
1052         D3DRS_LIGHTING, true,
1053         D3DRS_SPECULARENABLE, true,
1054         D3DRS_ZENABLE, true,
1055         D3DRS_ZFUNC, D3DCMP_LESS,
1056         D3DRS_DITHERENABLE, m_dithered,
1057         D3DRS_ZWRITEENABLE, m_z_write_enable
1058     };
1059     rt::set_states(m_pd3dDevice, states, NUM_OF(states));
1060
1061     // Render the teapot mesh
1062     if (m_multisample_depth_of_field)
1063     {
1064         render_depth_of_field();
1065     }
1066     else if (m_multisample_motion_blur)
1067     {
1068         render_motion_blur();
1069     }
1070     else
1071     {
1072         render_teapot(rt::mat_rot_x(m_rot_x)*
1073                         rt::mat_rot_y(m_rot_y));
1074     }
1075
1076     // Render stats and help text
1077     if (m_show_stats)
1078     {
1079         RenderText();
1080     }
1081
1082     THR(m_pd3dDevice->EndScene());
1083
1084     return S_OK;
1085 }
1086
1087
1088 //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
1089 // operator<<(e_composite_operator)
1090 //
1091 // Formats an enumerant of e_composite_operator as a string.
1092 //
```

```

1093     rt::tostream &
1094     operator<<(rt::tostream &stream, e_composite_operator blending)
1095     {
1096         switch (blending)
1097         {
1098             #define BLEND_OUT(enumerant_, str_) \
1099                 case enumerant_: stream << _T(str_); break
1100             BLEND_OUT(E_COMPOSITE_CLEAR, "clear");
1101             BLEND_OUT(E_COMPOSITE_SRC, "src");
1102             BLEND_OUT(E_COMPOSITE_DEST, "dest");
1103             BLEND_OUT(E_COMPOSITE_SRC_OVER_DEST, "src over dest");
1104             BLEND_OUT(E_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC, "dest over src");
1105             BLEND_OUT(E_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST, "src in dest");
1106             BLEND_OUT(E_COMPOSITE_DEST_IN_SRC, "dest in src");
1107             BLEND_OUT(E_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST, "src atop dest");
1108             BLEND_OUT(E_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC, "dest atop src");
1109             BLEND_OUT(E_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST, "src out dest");
1110             BLEND_OUT(E_COMPOSITE_DEST_OUT_SRC, "dest out src");
1111             BLEND_OUT(E_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST, "src xor dest");
1112             BLEND_OUT(E_COMPOSITE_NONE, "none");
1113         #undef BLEND_OUT
1114         default:
1115             ATLASSERT(false);
1116         }
1117         return stream;
1118     }
1119
1120 //-----
1121 // Name: RenderText()
1122 // Desc: Renders stats and help text to the scene.
1123 //-----
1124 HRESULT CMyD3DApplication::RenderText()
1125 {
1126     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetRenderState(D3DRS_SCISSORTESTENABLE, false));
1127
1128     // render text with a drop shadow
1129     render_text_aux(1, 1, D3DCOLOR_XRGB(0, 0, 0));
1130     render_text_aux(0, 0, m_text_fg);
1131
1132     return S_OK;
1133 }
1134
1135
1136 /////////////////
1137 // CMyD3DApplication::render_text_aux
1138 //

```

```
1139 // Render lines of text at a specific offset and in a specific color.
1140 // Some program options are displayed in addition to the standard
1141 // AppWizard sample text.
1142 //
1143 void
1144 CMyD3DApplication::render_text_aux(float offset_x, float offset_y, D3DCOLOR fg)
1145 {
1146     // Output display stats
1147     float y = 2.0f + offset_y;
1148     float x = 2.0f + offset_x;
1149     rt::ostringstream msg;
1150
1151     text(x, y, fg, m_strFrameStats);
1152     y += 20.0f; text(x, y, fg, m_strDeviceStats);
1153
1154     msg << (m_destination_alpha ?
1155             _T("Destination alpha") : _T("No destination alpha"));
1156     if (m_dithered)
1157     {
1158         msg << _T(", dither");
1159     }
1160     if (E_COMPOSITE_NONE != m_color_composite)
1161     {
1162         msg << _T(", ") << m_color_composite;
1163     }
1164     if (m_multisample_antialias)
1165     {
1166         msg << _T(", multisample antialias");
1167     }
1168     else if (m_multisample_depth_of_field)
1169     {
1170         msg << _T(", multisample depth of field");
1171     }
1172     else if (m_multisample_motion_blur)
1173     {
1174         msg << _T(", multisample motion blur");
1175     }
1176     if (m_stencil_mask)
1177     {
1178         msg << _T(", stencil mask");
1179     }
1180     if (m_stencil_stippling)
1181     {
1182         msg << _T(", stencil stipple");
1183     }
1184     if (m_scissor_enable)
```

```

1185     {
1186         msg << _T(", scissor");
1187     }
1188     msg << std::endl;
1189     y += 20.0f; text(x, y, fg, msg);
1190
1191     if (m_color_blend_enable &&
1192         ((D3DBLEND_BLENDFACTOR == m_color_src_blend) ||
1193          (D3DBLEND_BLENDFACTOR == m_color_dest_blend) ||
1194          (D3DBLEND_INVBLENDFACTOR == m_color_src_blend) ||
1195          (D3DBLEND_INVBLENDFACTOR == m_color_dest_blend) ||
1196          (m_alpha_blend_enable &&
1197             (D3DBLEND_BLENDFACTOR == m_alpha_src_blend) ||
1198             (D3DBLEND_BLENDFACTOR == m_alpha_dest_blend) ||
1199             (D3DBLEND_INVBLENDFACTOR == m_alpha_src_blend) ||
1200             (D3DBLEND_INVBLENDFACTOR == m_alpha_dest_blend)))
1201     {
1202         msg.seekp(0);
1203         msg << _T("Blend factor: RGBA(") << int(rt::D3DCOLOR_Red(m_blend_factor)
1204             << _T(", ") << int(rt::D3DCOLOR_Green(m_blend_factor))
1205             << _T(", ") << int(rt::D3DCOLOR_Blue(m_blend_factor))
1206             << _T(", ") << int(rt::D3DCOLOR_Alpha(m_blend_factor))
1207             << _T(")") << std::endl;
1208         y += 20.0f; text(x, y, fg, msg);
1209     }
1210
1211
1212     // Output statistics & help
1213     y = float(m_d3dsdBackBuffer.Height + offset_y + 2);
1214     msg.seekp(0);
1215     msg << _T("Arrow keys: Up=") << int(m_input.m_up) << _T(" Down=") <<
1216         int(m_input.m_down) << _T(" Left=") << int(m_input.m_left) <<
1217         _T(" Right=") << int(m_input.m_right) << std::endl;
1218     y -= 20.0f; text(x, y, fg, msg);
1219
1220     y -= 20.0f; text(x, y, fg, _T("Use arrow keys to rotate object"));
1221     y -= 20.0f; text(x, y, fg, _T("Press 'F2' to configure display"));
1222 }
1223
1224
1225 //-----
1226 // Name: MsgProc()
1227 // Desc: Overrides the main WndProc, so the sample can do custom message
1228 //        handling (e.g. processing mouse, keyboard, or menu commands).
1229 //-----
1230 LRESULT CMyD3DApplication::MsgProc(HWND hWnd, UINT msg, WPARAM wParam,

```

```
1231                                         LPARAM lParam)
1232 {
1233     LRESULT result = 0;
1234     bool handled = false;
1235
1236     switch (msg)
1237     {
1238         case WM_LBUTTONDOWN:
1239             result = on_left_button_down(hWnd, wParam, lParam, handled);
1240             break;
1241
1242         case WM_MOUSEMOVE:
1243             result = on_mouse_move(hWnd, wParam, lParam, handled);
1244             break;
1245
1246         case WM_LBUTTONUP:
1247             result = on_left_button_up(hWnd, wParam, lParam, handled);
1248             break;
1249
1250         case WM_PAINT:
1251             if (m_bLoadingApp)
1252             {
1253                 // Draw on the window tell the user that the app is loading
1254                 HDC hDC = TWS::GetDC(hWnd);
1255                 RECT rct;
1256                 TWS::GetClientRect(hWnd, &rct);
1257                 ::DrawText(hDC, _T("Loading... Please wait"), -1, &rct,
1258                             DT_CENTER | DT_VCENTER | DT_SINGLELINE);
1259                 TWS::ReleaseDC(hWnd, hDC);
1260             }
1261             break;
1262
1263         case WM_COMMAND:
1264             result = on_command(hWnd, wParam, lParam, handled);
1265             break;
1266     }
1267
1268     return handled ? result :
1269             CD3DApplication::MsgProc(hWnd, msg, wParam, lParam);
1270 }
1271
1272
1273
1274
1275 //-----
1276 // Name: InvalidateDeviceObjects()
```

```
1277 // Desc: Invalidates device objects. Paired with RestoreDeviceObjects()
1278 //-----
1279 HRESULT CMyD3DApplication::InvalidateDeviceObjects()
1280 {
1281     m_device_tile = 0;
1282     m_stipple_verts = 0;
1283     THR(m_font.InvalidateDeviceObjects());
1284
1285     return S_OK;
1286 }
1287
1288
1289
1290
1291 //-----
1292 // Name: DeleteDeviceObjects()
1293 // Desc: Paired with InitDeviceObjects()
1294 //       Called when the app is exiting, or the device is being changed,
1295 //       this function deletes any device dependent objects.
1296 //-----
1297 HRESULT CMyD3DApplication::DeleteDeviceObjects()
1298 {
1299     m_teapot = 0;
1300     m_torus = 0;
1301     m_texture = 0;
1302     m_tile = 0;
1303     m_device_tile = 0;
1304     m_stipple = 0;
1305     THR(m_font.DeleteDeviceObjects());
1306
1307     return S_OK;
1308 }
1309
1310
1311
1312
1313 //-----
1314 // Name: FinalCleanup()
1315 // Desc: Paired with OneTimeSceneInit()
1316 //       Called before the app exits, this function gives the app the chance
1317 //       to cleanup after itself.
1318 //-----
1319 HRESULT CMyD3DApplication::FinalCleanup()
1320 {
1321     // TODO: Perform any final cleanup needed
1322 }
```

```
1323     // Write the settings to the registry
1324     WriteSettings();
1325
1326     return S_OK;
1327 }
1328
1329
1330
1331
1332 //-----
1333 // CMyD3DApplication::create_texture
1334 //
1335 // Creates the texture map from the given file. If that was successful, it
1336 // becomes the current texture used on the next frame draw.
1337 //
1338 void
1339 CMyD3DApplication::create_texture(LPCTSTR file)
1340 {
1341     CComPtr<IDirect3DTexture9> new_texture;
1342
1343     const HRESULT hr = ::D3DUtil_CreateTexture(m_pd3dDevice,
1344                                              file ? file : m_texture_file.c_str(),
1345                                              &new_texture, D3DFMT_A8R8G8B8);
1346     if (SUCCEEDED(hr))
1347     {
1348         m_texture = new_texture;
1349         if (file)
1350         {
1351             m_texture_file = file;
1352         }
1353     }
1354     else
1355     {
1356         THR(hr);
1357     }
1358 }
1359
1360 template <typename T>
1361 DWORD
1362 find_id(const rt::s_enum_value<T> *items, UINT num_items, T value)
1363 {
1364     for (UINT i = 0; i < num_items; i++)
1365     {
1366         if (value == items[i].m_state)
1367         {
1368             return items[i].m_value;
```

```

1369         }
1370     }
1371     ATLASSERT(false);
1372     return 0;
1373 }
1374
1375 DWORD
1376 color_composite_id(e_composite_operator value)
1377 {
1378     const rt::s_enum_value<e_composite_operator> items[] =
1379     {
1380         E_COMPOSITE_CLEAR,           IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_CLEAR,
1381         E_COMPOSITE_SRC,            IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC,
1382         E_COMPOSITE_DEST,          IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST,
1383         E_COMPOSITE_SRC_OVER_DEST, IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_OVER_DEST,
1384         E_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC, IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC,
1385         E_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST,   IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST,
1386         E_COMPOSITE_DEST_IN_SRC,   IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_IN_SRC,
1387         E_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST, IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST,
1388         E_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC, IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC,
1389         E_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST,  IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST,
1390         E_COMPOSITE_DEST_OUT_SRC,  IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_OUT_SRC,
1391         E_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST,  IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST
1392     };
1393     return find_id(items, NUM_OF(items), value);
1394 }
1395
1396 DWORD
1397 color_blend_op_id(D3DBLENDOP value)
1398 {
1399     const rt::s_enum_value<D3DBLENDOP> items[] =
1400     {
1401         D3DBLENDOP_ADD,             IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_ADD,
1402         D3DBLENDOP_SUBTRACT,        IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_SUBTRACT,
1403         D3DBLENDOP_REVSUBTRACT,    IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_REVERSE_SUBTRACT,
1404         D3DBLENDOP_MIN,             IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_MINIMUM,
1405         D3DBLENDOP_MAX,             IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_MAXIMUM
1406     };
1407     return find_id(items, NUM_OF(items), value);
1408 }
1409
1410 DWORD
1411 color_src_blend_id(D3DBLEND value)
1412 {
1413     const rt::s_enum_value<D3DBLEND> items[] =
1414     {

```

```

1415     D3DBLEND_ZERO,           IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_ZERO,
1416     D3DBLEND_ONE,           IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_ONE,
1417     D3DBLEND_SRCCOLOR,      IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_SRC_COLOR,
1418     D3DBLEND_INVSRCOLOR,   IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR,
1419     D3DBLEND_SRCALPHA,     IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
1420     D3DBLEND_INVSRCALPHA,  IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1421     D3DBLEND_DESTALPHA,    IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1422     D3DBLEND_INVDESTALPHA, IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1423     D3DBLEND_DESTCOLOR,    IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1424     D3DBLEND_INVDESTCOLOR, IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,
1425     D3DBLEND_SRCALPHASAT,  IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT,
1426     D3DBLEND_BOTHINVSRCALPHA, IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_BOTH_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1427     D3DBLEND_BLENDFACTOR,  IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_FACTOR,
1428     D3DBLEND_INVBLENDFACTOR, IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_FACTOR
1429 };
1430     return find_id(items, NUM_OF(items), value);
1431 }
1432
1433 DWORD
1434 color_dest_blend_id(D3DBLEND value)
1435 {
1436     const rt::s_enum_value<D3DBLEND> items[] =
1437     {
1438         D3DBLEND_ZERO,           IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_ZERO,
1439         D3DBLEND_ONE,           IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_ONE,
1440         D3DBLEND_SRCCOLOR,      IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_SRC_COLOR,
1441         D3DBLEND_INVSRCOLOR,   IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR,
1442         D3DBLEND_SRCALPHA,     IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
1443         D3DBLEND_INVSRCALPHA,  IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1444         D3DBLEND_DESTALPHA,    IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1445         D3DBLEND_INVDESTALPHA, IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1446         D3DBLEND_DESTCOLOR,    IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1447         D3DBLEND_INVDESTCOLOR, IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,
1448         D3DBLEND_SRCALPHASAT,  IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT,
1449         D3DBLEND_BLENDFACTOR,  IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_FACTOR,
1450         D3DBLEND_INVBLENDFACTOR, IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_FACTOR
1451     };
1452     return find_id(items, NUM_OF(items), value);
1453 }
1454
1455 DWORD
1456 alpha_composite_id(e_composite_operator value)
1457 {
1458     const rt::s_enum_value<e_composite_operator> items[] =
1459     {
1460         E_COMPOSITE_CLEAR,      IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_CLEAR,

```

```

1461     E_COMPOSITE_SRC,           IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC,
1462     E_COMPOSITE_DEST,         IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST,
1463     E_COMPOSITE_SRC_OVER_DEST, IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_OVER_DEST,
1464     E_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC, IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC,
1465     E_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST,  IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST,
1466     E_COMPOSITE_DEST_IN_SRC,  IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_IN_SRC,
1467     E_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST, IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST,
1468     E_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC, IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC,
1469     E_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST, IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST,
1470     E_COMPOSITE_DEST_OUT_SRC, IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_OUT_SRC,
1471     E_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST, IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST
1472   };
1473   return find_id(items, NUM_OF(items), value);
1474 }
1475
1476 DWORD
1477 alpha_blend_op_id(D3DBLENDOP value)
1478 {
1479   const rt::s_enum_value<D3DBLENDOP> items[] =
1480   {
1481     D3DBLENDOP_ADD,           IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_ADD,
1482     D3DBLENDOP_SUBTRACT,     IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_SUBTRACT,
1483     D3DBLENDOP_REVSUBTRACT, IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_REVERSE_SUBTRACT,
1484     D3DBLENDOP_MIN,          IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_MINIMUM,
1485     D3DBLENDOP_MAX,          IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_MAXIMUM
1486   };
1487   return find_id(items, NUM_OF(items), value);
1488 }
1489
1490 DWORD
1491 alpha_src_blend_id(D3DBLEND value)
1492 {
1493   const rt::s_enum_value<D3DBLEND> items[] =
1494   {
1495     D3DBLEND_ZERO,            IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_ZERO,
1496     D3DBLEND_ONE,             IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_ONE,
1497     D3DBLEND_SRCCOLOR,       IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_COLOR,
1498     D3DBLEND_INVSRCOLOR,     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR,
1499     D3DBLEND_SRCALPHA,       IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
1500     D3DBLEND_INVSRCALPHA,    IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1501     D3DBLEND_DESTALPHA,      IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1502     D3DBLEND_INVDESTALPHA,   IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1503     D3DBLEND_DESTCOLOR,      IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1504     D3DBLEND_INVDESTCOLOR,   IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,
1505     D3DBLEND_SRCALPHASAT,   IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT,
1506     D3DBLEND_BOTHINVSRCALPHA, IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_BOTH_INV_SRC_ALPHA,

```

```

1507         D3DBLEND_BLENDFACTOR,           IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_FACTOR,
1508         D3DBLEND_INVBLENDFACTOR,     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_FACTOR
1509     };
1510     return find_id(items, NUM_OF(items), value);
1511 }
1512
1513 DWORD
1514 alpha_dest_blend_id(D3DBLEND value)
1515 {
1516     const rt::s_enum_value<D3DBLEND> items[] =
1517     {
1518         D3DBLEND_ZERO,                 IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_ZERO,
1519         D3DBLEND_ONE,                  IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_ONE,
1520         D3DBLEND_SRCCOLOR,            IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_SRC_COLOR,
1521         D3DBLEND_INVSRCOLOR,          IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR,
1522         D3DBLEND_SRCALPHA,            IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
1523         D3DBLEND_INVSRCALPHA,         IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1524         D3DBLEND_DESTALPHA,           IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1525         D3DBLEND_INVDESTALPHA,        IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1526         D3DBLEND_DESTCOLOR,           IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1527         D3DBLEND_INVDESTCOLOR,        IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,
1528         D3DBLEND_SRCALPHASAT,         IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT,
1529         D3DBLEND_BLENDFACTOR,         IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_FACTOR,
1530         D3DBLEND_INVBLENDFACTOR,      IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_FACTOR
1531     };
1532     return find_id(items, NUM_OF(items), value);
1533 }
1534
1535 void
1536 CMyD3DApplication::update_blending(HMENU menu, bool checked)
1537 {
1538     if (! checked)
1539     {
1540         // enable all the menu items first, so that when we're called
1541         // again with checked==false, we can disable only those that
1542         // need to be disabled.
1543         const DWORD ids[] =
1544         {
1545             IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_CLEAR,
1546             IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC,
1547             IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST,
1548             IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_OVER_DEST,
1549             IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC,
1550             IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST,
1551             IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_IN_SRC,
1552             IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST,

```

```
1553 IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC,
1554 IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST,
1555 IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_OUT_SRC,
1556 IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST,
1557
1558 IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_ADD,
1559 IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_SUBTRACT,
1560 IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_REVERSE_SUBTRACT,
1561 IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_MINIMUM,
1562 IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_MAXIMUM,
1563
1564 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_ZERO,
1565 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_ONE,
1566 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_SRC_COLOR,
1567 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR,
1568 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
1569 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1570 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1571 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1572 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1573 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,
1574 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT,
1575 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_BOTH_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1576 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_FACTOR,
1577 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_FACTOR,
1578
1579 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_ZERO,
1580 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_ONE,
1581 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_SRC_COLOR,
1582 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR,
1583 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
1584 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1585 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1586 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1587 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1588 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,
1589 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT,
1590 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_FACTOR,
1591 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_FACTOR,
1592
1593 IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_CLEAR,
1594 IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC,
1595 IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST,
1596 IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_OVER_DEST,
1597 IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC,
1598 IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST,
```

```
1599     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_IN_SRC,
1600     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST,
1601     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC,
1602     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST,
1603     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_OUT_SRC,
1604     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST,
1605
1606     IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_ADD,
1607     IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_SUBTRACT,
1608     IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_REVERSE_SUBTRACT,
1609     IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_MINIMUM,
1610     IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_MAXIMUM,
1611
1612     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_ZERO,
1613     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_ONE,
1614     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_COLOR,
1615     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR,
1616     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
1617     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1618     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1619     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1620     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1621     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,
1622     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT,
1623     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_BOTH_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1624     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_FACTOR,
1625     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_FACTOR,
1626
1627     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_ZERO,
1628     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_ONE,
1629     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_SRC_COLOR,
1630     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR,
1631     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
1632     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1633     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1634     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1635     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1636     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,
1637     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT,
1638     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_FACTOR,
1639     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_FACTOR
1640 };
1641 for (UINT i = 0; i < NUM_OF(ids); i++)
1642 {
1643     rt::enable_menu(menu, ids[i], true);
1644 }
```

```
1645     }
1646     else
1647     {
1648         // if we don't have destination alpha, we might have to change the
1649         // blending selection
1650         if (!m_destination_alpha)
1651         {
1652             if (!m_color_allow_dest_alpha)
1653             {
1654                 switch (m_color_composite)
1655                 {
1656                     case E_COMPOSITE_DEST:
1657                     case E_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC:
1658                     case E_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST:
1659                     case E_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST:
1660                     case E_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC:
1661                     case E_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST:
1662                     case E_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST:
1663                         m_color_composite = E_COMPOSITE_NONE;
1664                         m_color_src_blend = D3DBLEND_ONE;
1665                         m_color_dest_blend = D3DBLEND_ZERO;
1666                         break;
1667                 }
1668                 switch (m_color_src_blend)
1669                 {
1670                     case D3DBLEND_DESTALPHA:
1671                     case D3DBLEND_INVDESTALPHA:
1672                     case D3DBLEND_DESTCOLOR:
1673                     case D3DBLEND_INVDESTCOLOR:
1674                         m_color_src_blend = D3DBLEND_ONE;
1675                         break;
1676                 }
1677                 switch (m_color_dest_blend)
1678                 {
1679                     case D3DBLEND_DESTALPHA:
1680                     case D3DBLEND_INVDESTALPHA:
1681                     case D3DBLEND_DESTCOLOR:
1682                     case D3DBLEND_INVDESTCOLOR:
1683                         m_color_dest_blend = D3DBLEND_ZERO;
1684                         break;
1685                 }
1686             }
1687             if (!m_alpha_allow_dest_alpha)
1688             {
1689                 switch (m_alpha_composite)
1690                 {
```

```
1691         case E_COMPOSITE_DEST:
1692         case E_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC:
1693         case E_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST:
1694         case E_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST:
1695         case E_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC:
1696         case E_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST:
1697         case E_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST:
1698             m_alpha_composite = E_COMPOSITE_NONE;
1699             m_alpha_src_blend = D3DBLEND_ONE;
1700             m_alpha_dest_blend = D3DBLEND_ZERO;
1701             break;
1702         }
1703         switch (m_alpha_src_blend)
1704         {
1705             case D3DBLEND_DESTALPHA:
1706             case D3DBLEND_INVDESTALPHA:
1707             case D3DBLEND_DESTCOLOR:
1708             case D3DBLEND_INVDESTCOLOR:
1709                 m_alpha_src_blend = D3DBLEND_ONE;
1710                 break;
1711             }
1712         switch (m_alpha_dest_blend)
1713         {
1714             case D3DBLEND_DESTALPHA:
1715             case D3DBLEND_INVDESTALPHA:
1716             case D3DBLEND_DESTCOLOR:
1717             case D3DBLEND_INVDESTCOLOR:
1718                 m_alpha_dest_blend = D3DBLEND_ZERO;
1719                 break;
1720             }
1721         }
1722     }
1723
1724 // check for available blend operators
1725 {
1726     const bool can_blend_op =
1727         0 != (m_d3dCaps.PrimitiveMiscCaps & D3DP MISCCAPS_BLENDOP);
1728     rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_SUBTRACT, can_blend_op);
1729     rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_REVERSE_SUBTRACT, can_blend_op);
1730     rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_MINIMUM, can_blend_op);
1731     rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_MAXIMUM, can_blend_op);
1732     if (!can_blend_op)
1733     {
1734         if (m_color_blend_op != D3DBLENDOP_ADD)
1735         {
1736             m_color_blend_op = D3DBLENDOP_ADD;
```

```

1737         }
1738         if (m_alpha_blend_op != D3DBLENDOP_ADD)
1739         {
1740             m_alpha_blend_op = D3DBLENDOP_ADD;
1741         }
1742     }
1743 }
1744
1745 // check source and destination blend factors
1746 const DWORD blend_caps[] =
1747 {
1748     D3DPBLENDCAPS_ZERO,
1749     D3DPBLENDCAPS_ONE,
1750     D3DPBLENDCAPS_SRCCOLOR,
1751     D3DPBLENDCAPS_INVSRCOLOR,
1752     D3DPBLENDCAPS_SRCALPHA,
1753     D3DPBLENDCAPS_INVSRCALPHA,
1754     D3DPBLENDCAPS_DESTALPHA,
1755     D3DPBLENDCAPS_INVDESTALPHA,
1756     D3DPBLENDCAPS_DESTCOLOR,
1757     D3DPBLENDCAPS_INVDESTCOLOR,
1758     D3DPBLENDCAPS_SRCALPHASAT,
1759     0,
1760     D3DPBLENDCAPS_BLENDFACTOR,
1761     D3DPBLENDCAPS_BLENDFACTOR
1762 };
1763 UINT i;
1764 for (i = 0; i < NUM_OF(blend_caps); i++)
1765 {
1766     if (!blend_caps[i])
1767     {
1768         // D3DPBLENDCAPS_BOTHSRCALPHA is obsolete, so skip it.
1769         continue;
1770     }
1771
1772     bool support = 0 != (m_d3dCaps.SrcBlendCaps & blend_caps[i]);
1773     if (!support)
1774     {
1775         if (D3DBLEND(i+1) == m_color_src_blend)
1776         {
1777             m_color_src_blend = D3DBLEND_ONE;
1778         }
1779         if (D3DBLEND(i+1) == m_alpha_src_blend)
1780         {
1781             m_alpha_src_blend = D3DBLEND_ONE;
1782         }

```

```
1783     }
1784     rt::enable_menu(menu, color_src_blend_id(D3DBLEND(i+1)), support);
1785     rt::enable_menu(menu, alpha_src_blend_id(D3DBLEND(i+1)), support);
1786
1787     support = 0 != (m_d3dCaps.DestBlendCaps & blend_caps[i]);
1788     if (!support)
1789     {
1790         if (D3DBLEND(i+1) == m_color_dest_blend)
1791         {
1792             m_color_dest_blend = D3DBLEND_ZERO;
1793         }
1794         if (D3DBLEND(i+1) == m_alpha_dest_blend)
1795         {
1796             m_alpha_dest_blend = D3DBLEND_ZERO;
1797         }
1798     }
1799     if (D3DBLEND_BOTHINVSRCALPHA != D3DBLEND(i+1))
1800     {
1801         rt::enable_menu(menu, color_dest_blend_id(D3DBLEND(i+1)), support);
1802         rt::enable_menu(menu, alpha_dest_blend_id(D3DBLEND(i+1)), support);
1803     }
1804 }
1805
1806 // check compositing operator support, i.e. combinations of blend modes
1807 for (i = 0; i < NUM_OF(sm_blend_factors); i++)
1808 {
1809     // blend factors used in this compositing operator are not supported
1810     bool support =
1811         (m_d3dCaps.SrcBlendCaps & blend_caps[sm_blend_factors[i].m_src]) &&
1812         (m_d3dCaps.DestBlendCaps & blend_caps[sm_blend_factors[i].m_dest]);
1813     if (!support)
1814     {
1815         if (m_color_composite == e_composite_operator(i))
1816         {
1817             // change the blending to none
1818             m_color_composite = E_COMPOSITE_NONE;
1819         }
1820         if (m_alpha_composite == e_composite_operator(i))
1821         {
1822             m_alpha_composite = E_COMPOSITE_NONE;
1823         }
1824     }
1825
1826     // disable menu item for compositing operator i
1827     rt::enable_menu(menu, color_composite_id(e_composite_operator(i)),
1828                     support);
```

```

1829         rt::enable_menu(menu, alpha_composite_id(e_composite_operator(i)),
1830                         support);
1831     }
1832
1833     // toggle menu items based on destination alpha supported
1834     if (!m_destination_alpha)
1835     {
1836         if (!m_color_allow_dest_alpha)
1837         {
1838             const DWORD ids[] =
1839             {
1840                 IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST,
1841                 IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC,
1842                 IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST,
1843                 IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST,
1844                 IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC,
1845                 IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST,
1846                 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1847                 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1848                 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1849                 IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,
1850                 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1851                 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1852                 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1853                 IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR
1854             };
1855             for (UINT i = 0; i < NUM_OF(ids); i++)
1856             {
1857                 rt::enable_menu(menu, ids[i], false);
1858             }
1859         }
1860         if (!m_alpha_allow_dest_alpha)
1861         {
1862             const DWORD ids[] =
1863             {
1864                 IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST,
1865                 IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC,
1866                 IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST,
1867                 IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST,
1868                 IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC,
1869                 IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST,
1870                 IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1871                 IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1872                 IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1873                 IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,
1874                 IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,

```

```
1875             IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1876             IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1877             IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR
1878         };
1879         for (UINT i = 0; i < NUM_OF(ids); i++)
1880     {
1881         rt::enable_menu(menu, ids[i], false);
1882     }
1883 }
1884
1885
1886 // the individual source and destination blend factors are not
1887 // used with min and max blend operators
1888 if ((D3DBLENDOP_MIN == m_color_blend_op) ||
1889      (D3DBLENDOP_MAX == m_color_blend_op))
1890 {
1891     DWORD ids[] =
1892     {
1893         IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_CLEAR,
1894         IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC,
1895         IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST,
1896         IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_OVER_DEST,
1897         IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC,
1898         IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST,
1899         IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_IN_SRC,
1900         IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST,
1901         IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC,
1902         IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST,
1903         IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_OUT_SRC,
1904         IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST,
1905         IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_ZERO,
1906         IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_SRC_COLOR,
1907         IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR,
1908         IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
1909         IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1910         IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1911         IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1912         IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1913         IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,
1914         IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT,
1915         IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_BOTH_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1916         IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_ONE,
1917         IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_SRC_COLOR,
1918         IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR,
1919         IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
1920         IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
```

```

1921     IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1922     IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1923     IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1924     IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR
1925 };
1926 for (i = 0; i < NUM_OF(ids); i++)
1927 {
1928     rt::enable_menu(menu, ids[i], false);
1929 }
1930 m_color_composite = E_COMPOSITE_NONE;
1931 m_color_src_blend = D3DBLEND_ONE;
1932 m_color_dest_blend = D3DBLEND_ZERO;
1933 }
1934 if ((D3DBLENDOP_MIN == m_alpha_blend_op) ||
1935 (D3DBLENDOP_MAX == m_alpha_blend_op))
1936 {
1937     DWORD ids[] =
1938 {
1939         IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_CLEAR,
1940         IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC,
1941         IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST,
1942         IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_OVER_DEST,
1943         IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC,
1944         IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST,
1945         IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_IN_SRC,
1946         IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST,
1947         IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC,
1948         IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST,
1949         IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_OUT_SRC,
1950         IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST,
1951         IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_ZERO,
1952         IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_COLOR,
1953         IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR,
1954         IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
1955         IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1956         IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1957         IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1958         IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1959         IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,
1960         IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT,
1961         IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_BOTH_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
1962         IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_ONE,
1963         IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_SRC_COLOR,
1964         IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR,
1965         IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
1966         IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,

```

```
1967             IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
1968             IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
1969             IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
1970             IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR
1971         };
1972         for (i = 0; i < NUM_OF(ids); i++)
1973         {
1974             rt::enable_menu(menu, ids[i], false);
1975         }
1976         m_alpha_composite = E_COMPOSITE_NONE;
1977         m_alpha_src_blend = D3DBLEND_ONE;
1978         m_alpha_dest_blend = D3DBLEND_ZERO;
1979     }
1980
1981     // now patch up m_color_composite in case it is inconsistent with
1982     // m_color_src_blend and m_color_dest_blend
1983     for (i = 0; i < NUM_OF(sm_blend_factors); i++)
1984     {
1985         if ((sm_blend_factors[i].m_src == m_color_src_blend) &&
1986             (sm_blend_factors[i].m_dest == m_color_dest_blend))
1987         {
1988             m_color_composite = e_composite_operator(i);
1989             break;
1990         }
1991     }
1992     if (NUM_OF(sm_blend_factors) == i)
1993     {
1994         m_color_composite = E_COMPOSITE_NONE;
1995     }
1996     for (i = 0; i < NUM_OF(sm_blend_factors); i++)
1997     {
1998         if ((sm_blend_factors[i].m_src == m_alpha_src_blend) &&
1999             (sm_blend_factors[i].m_dest == m_alpha_dest_blend))
2000         {
2001             m_alpha_composite = e_composite_operator(i);
2002             break;
2003         }
2004     }
2005     if (NUM_OF(sm_blend_factors) == i)
2006     {
2007         m_alpha_composite = E_COMPOSITE_NONE;
2008     }
2009 }
2010
2011 rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_COLOR_BLEND_ENABLE, m_color_blend_enable);
2012 rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_ENABLE, m_alpha_blend_enable);
```

```

2013     rt::check_menu(menu, color_blend_op_id(m_color_blend_op), checked);
2014     rt::check_menu(menu, alpha_blend_op_id(m_alpha_blend_op), checked);
2015     if (E_COMPOSITE_NONE != m_color_composite)
2016     {
2017         rt::check_menu(menu, color_composite_id(m_color_composite), checked);
2018     }
2019     rt::check_menu(menu, color_src_blend_id(m_color_src_blend), checked);
2020     rt::check_menu(menu, color_dest_blend_id(m_color_dest_blend), checked);
2021     if (E_COMPOSITE_NONE != m_alpha_composite)
2022     {
2023         rt::check_menu(menu, alpha_composite_id(m_alpha_composite), checked);
2024     }
2025     rt::check_menu(menu, alpha_src_blend_id(m_alpha_src_blend), checked);
2026     rt::check_menu(menu, alpha_dest_blend_id(m_alpha_dest_blend), checked);
2027
2028     // disable blending submenus if blending is disabled
2029     rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_COLOR_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA, m_color_blend_enable);
2030     enable_menu(menu, _T("&Alpha Blend"), m_color_blend_enable);
2031     TWS(::DrawMenuBar(m_hWnd));
2032     HMENU blend_menu = TWS(find_menu(menu, _T("&Color Blend")));
2033     enable_menu(blend_menu, _T("&Operator"), m_color_blend_enable);
2034     enable_menu(blend_menu, _T("&Compositing"), m_color_blend_enable);
2035     enable_menu(blend_menu, _T("&Source"), m_color_blend_enable);
2036     enable_menu(blend_menu, _T("&Destination"), m_color_blend_enable);
2037
2038     rt::enable_menu(menu, IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA, m_alpha_blend_enable);
2039     blend_menu = TWS(find_menu(menu, _T("&Alpha Blend")));
2040     enable_menu(blend_menu, _T("&Operator"), m_alpha_blend_enable);
2041     enable_menu(blend_menu, _T("&Compositing"), m_alpha_blend_enable);
2042     enable_menu(blend_menu, _T("&Source"), m_alpha_blend_enable);
2043     enable_menu(blend_menu, _T("&Destination"), m_alpha_blend_enable);
2044 }
2045
2046 /////////////////////////////////
2047 // CMyD3DApplication::on_command
2048 //
2049 // WM_COMMAND handler for this sample. This mostly amounts to updating
2050 // internal variables that reflect the current state of the UI, although
2051 // some D3D state is updated directly from here.
2052 //
2053 LRESULT
2054 CMyD3DApplication::on_command(HWND window, WPARAM wp, LPARAM, bool &handled)
2055 {
2056     const HMENU menu = ::GetMenu(window);
2057     const UINT control = LOWORD(wp);
2058

```

```
2059     switch (control)
2060     {
2061 #define TOGGLE_COLOR_WRITE_ENABLE(id_, state_) \
2062     case IDM_COLOR_WRITE_ENABLE_##id_:
2063         rt::toggle_menu(menu, IDM_COLOR_WRITE_ENABLE_##id_, state_); \
2064         set_color_write_enable(); \
2065         handled = true; \
2066         break
2067         TOGGLE_COLOR_WRITE_ENABLE(RED, m_color_write_enable_red);
2068         TOGGLE_COLOR_WRITE_ENABLE(GREEN, m_color_write_enable_green);
2069         TOGGLE_COLOR_WRITE_ENABLE(BLUE, m_color_write_enable_blue);
2070         TOGGLE_COLOR_WRITE_ENABLE(ALPHA, m_color_write_enable_alpha);
2071 #undef TOGGLE_COLOR_WRITE_ENABLE
2072 #define TOGGLE(id_, state_) \
2073     case id_:
2074         rt::toggle_menu(menu, id_, state_); \
2075         handled = true; \
2076         break
2077         TOGGLE(IDM_Z_WRITE_ENABLE, m_z_write_enable);
2078         TOGGLE(IDM_ANIMATE_VIEW, m_animate_view);
2079         TOGGLE(IDM_SHOW_STATS, m_show_stats);
2080         TOGGLE(IDM_OPTION_DITHER, m_dithered);
2081         TOGGLE(IDM_OPTION_BACKGROUND_TILE, m_tile_background);
2082         TOGGLE(ID_OPTIONS_SCISSORTEST, m_scissor_enable);
2083 #undef TOGGLE
2084
2085 #define MODIFY_COLOR(id_, state_, transparent_) \
2086     case id_: \
2087     { \
2088         rt::pauser_block(*this); \
2089         state_ = rt::choose_color_transparent(window, state_, transparent_); \
2090     } \
2091     handled = true; \
2092     break
2093     MODIFY_COLOR(IDM_EDIT_DIFFUSE_COLOR, m_fg, true);
2094     MODIFY_COLOR(IDM_EDIT_TEXT_COLOR, m_text_fg, true);
2095     MODIFY_COLOR(IDM_EDIT_SPECULAR_COLOR, m_specular, false);
2096 #undef MODIFY_COLOR
2097
2098     case IDM_EDIT_BLEND_FACTOR:
2099     {
2100         rt::pauser_block(*this);
2101         m_blend_factor = rt::choose_color(window, m_blend_factor);
2102     }
2103     handled = true;
2104     break;
```

```
2105
2106     case IDM_EDIT_BG_COLOR:
2107     {
2108         rt::pauser_block(*this);
2109         m_bg = rt::choose_color(window, m_bg);
2110     }
2111     handled = true;
2112     break;
2113
2114     case IDM_TEXTURED:
2115         m_textured = m_can_texture && !m_textured;
2116         rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_TEXTURED, m_textured);
2117         handled = true;
2118         break;
2119
2120     case IDM_FILE_OPEN_TEXTURE:
2121     {
2122         rt::pauser_block(*this);
2123         on_texture_file();
2124     }
2125     handled = true;
2126     break;
2127
2128     case IDM_STENCIL_IRREGULAR_MASK:
2129         rt::toggle_menu(menu, IDM_STENCIL_IRREGULAR_MASK, m_stencil_mask);
2130         m_build_stencil = true;
2131         handled = true;
2132         break;
2133
2134     case IDM_STENCIL_STIPPLING:
2135         rt::toggle_menu(menu, IDM_STENCIL_STIPPLING, m_stencil_stippling);
2136         m_build_stencil = true;
2137         handled = true;
2138         break;
2139
2140     case IDM_MULTISAMPLE_ANTIALIAS:
2141         rt::toggle_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_ANTIALIAS, m_multisample_antialias);
2142         m_multisample_depth_of_field = false;
2143         m_multisample_motion_blur = false;
2144         rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_DEPTH_OF_FIELD, m_multisample_depth);
2145         rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_MOTION_BLUR, m_multisample_motion_b);
2146         handled = true;
2147         break;
2148
2149     case IDM_MULTISAMPLE_DEPTH_OF_FIELD:
2150         rt::toggle_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_DEPTH_OF_FIELD, m_multisample_dept
```

```
2151     m_multisample_antialias = false;
2152     m_multisample_motion_blur = false;
2153     rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_ANTIALIAS, m_multisample_antialias);
2154     rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_MOTION_BLUR, m_multisample_motion_blur);
2155     handled = true;
2156     break;
2157
2158 case IDM_MULTISAMPLE_MOTION_BLUR:
2159     rt::toggle_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_MOTION_BLUR, m_multisample_motion_blur);
2160     m_multisample_antialias = false;
2161     m_multisample_depth_of_field = false;
2162     rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_ANTIALIAS, m_multisample_antialias);
2163     rt::check_menu(menu, IDM_MULTISAMPLE_DEPTH_OF_FIELD, m_multisample_depth_of_field);
2164     handled = true;
2165     break;
2166
2167 case IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_ZERO:
2168 case IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_ONE:
2169 case IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_SRC_COLOR:
2170 case IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR:
2171 case IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA:
2172 case IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA:
2173 case IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA:
2174 case IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA:
2175 case IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_DEST_COLOR:
2176 case IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR:
2177 case IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT:
2178 case IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_BOTH_INV_SRC_ALPHA:
2179 case IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_FACTOR:
2180 case IDM_COLOR_SRC_BLEND_INV_FACTOR:
2181     update_blending(menu, false);
2182     m_color_src_blend = D3DBLEND(get_menu_data(control));
2183     update_blending(menu, true);
2184     handled = true;
2185     break;
2186
2187 case IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_ZERO:
2188 case IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_ONE:
2189 case IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_SRC_COLOR:
2190 case IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR:
2191 case IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA:
2192 case IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA:
2193 case IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA:
2194 case IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA:
2195 case IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_DEST_COLOR:
2196 case IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR:
```

```
2197     case IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT:
2198     case IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_FACTOR:
2199     case IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_FACTOR:
2200         update_blending(menu, false);
2201         m_color_dest_blend = D3DBLEND(get_menu_data(control));
2202         update_blending(menu, true);
2203         handled = true;
2204         break;
2205
2206     case IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_CLEAR:
2207     case IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC:
2208     case IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST:
2209     case IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_OVER_DEST:
2210     case IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC:
2211     case IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST:
2212     case IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_IN_SRC:
2213     case IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST:
2214     case IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC:
2215     case IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST:
2216     case IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_DEST_OUT_SRC:
2217     case IDM_COLOR_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST:
2218         update_blending(menu, false);
2219         m_color_composite = e_composite_operator(get_menu_data(control));
2220         m_color_src_blend = sm_blend_factors[m_color_composite].m_src;
2221         m_color_dest_blend = sm_blend_factors[m_color_composite].m_dest;
2222         update_blending(menu, true);
2223         handled = true;
2224         break;
2225
2226     case IDM_COLOR_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA:
2227         update_blending(menu, false);
2228         rt::toggle_menu(menu, IDM_COLOR_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA, m_color_allow_dest_alpha);
2229         update_blending(menu, true);
2230         handled = true;
2231         break;
2232
2233     case IDM_COLOR_BLEND_ENABLE:
2234         update_blending(menu, false);
2235         m_color_blend_enable = !m_color_blend_enable;
2236         update_blending(menu, true);
2237         handled = true;
2238         break;
2239
2240     case IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_ADD:
2241     case IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_SUBTRACT:
2242     case IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_REVERSE_SUBTRACT:
```

```
2243     case IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_MINIMUM:
2244     case IDM_COLOR_BLEND_OP_MAXIMUM:
2245         update_blending(menu, false);
2246         m_color_blend_op = D3DBLENDOP(get_menu_data(control));
2247         update_blending(menu, true);
2248         handled = true;
2249         break;
2250
2251     case IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_ZERO:
2252     case IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_ONE:
2253     case IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_COLOR:
2254     case IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR:
2255     case IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA:
2256     case IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA:
2257     case IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA:
2258     case IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA:
2259     case IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_DEST_COLOR:
2260     case IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR:
2261     case IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT:
2262     case IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_BOTH_INV_SRC_ALPHA:
2263     case IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_FACTOR:
2264     case IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_FACTOR:
2265         update_blending(menu, false);
2266         m_alpha_src_blend = D3DBLEND(get_menu_data(control));
2267         update_blending(menu, true);
2268         handled = true;
2269         break;
2270
2271     case IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_ZERO:
2272     case IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_ONE:
2273     case IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_SRC_COLOR:
2274     case IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR:
2275     case IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA:
2276     case IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA:
2277     case IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA:
2278     case IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA:
2279     case IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_DEST_COLOR:
2280     case IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR:
2281     case IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT:
2282     case IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_FACTOR:
2283     case IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_FACTOR:
2284         update_blending(menu, false);
2285         m_alpha_dest_blend = D3DBLEND(get_menu_data(control));
2286         update_blending(menu, true);
2287         handled = true;
2288         break;
```

```

2289
2290     case IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_CLEAR:
2291     case IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC:
2292     case IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST:
2293     case IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_OVER_DEST:
2294     case IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC:
2295     case IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST:
2296     case IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_IN_SRC:
2297     case IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST:
2298     case IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC:
2299     case IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST:
2300     case IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_OUT_SRC:
2301     case IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST:
2302         update_blending(menu, false);
2303         m_alpha_composite = e_composite_operator(get_menu_data(control));
2304         m_alpha_src_blend = sm_blend_factors[m_alpha_composite].m_src;
2305         m_alpha_dest_blend = sm_blend_factors[m_alpha_composite].m_dest;
2306         update_blending(menu, true);
2307         handled = true;
2308         break;
2309
2310     case IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA:
2311         update_blending(menu, false);
2312         rt::toggle_menu(menu, IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA, m_alpha_allow_dest_alpha);
2313         update_blending(menu, true);
2314         handled = true;
2315         break;
2316
2317     case IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_ENABLE:
2318         update_blending(menu, false);
2319         m_alpha_blend_enable = !m_alpha_blend_enable;
2320         update_blending(menu, true);
2321         handled = true;
2322         break;
2323
2324     case IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_ADD:
2325     case IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_SUBTRACT:
2326     case IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_REVERSE_SUBTRACT:
2327     case IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_MINIMUM:
2328     case IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_MAXIMUM:
2329         update_blending(menu, false);
2330         m_alpha_blend_op = D3DBLENDOP(get_menu_data(control));
2331         update_blending(menu, true);
2332         handled = true;
2333         break;
2334

```

```
2335     case IDM_RESET_VIEW:
2336         m_rot_x = 0.0f;
2337         m_rot_y = 0.0f;
2338         handled = true;
2339         break;
2340
2341     default:
2342         // all our control IDs are > 40006 and we should handle them all
2343         if (control > 40006)
2344         {
2345             ATLASSERT(false);
2346         }
2347     }
2348
2349     return 0;
2350 }
2351
2352 //-----
2353 // CMyD3DApplication::on_texture_file
2354 //
2355 // Get a texture filename from the user and try to open it as the current
2356 // texture.
2357 //
2358 void
2359 CMyD3DApplication::on_texture_file()
2360 {
2361     TCHAR file[MAX_PATH] = { 0 };
2362     OPENFILENAME ofn =
2363     {
2364         sizeof(ofn), 0, 0,
2365         _T("All images\0"),
2366         _T("*.*\0");
2367         _T("All files (*.*)\0*\.*\0");
2368         _T("Bitmap images (*.bmp)\0*.bmp\0");
2369         _T("JPEG images (*.jpg)\0*.jpg\0");
2370         _T("PNG images (*.png)\0*.png\0");
2371         _T("Portable bitmap (*.pbm)\0*.pbm\0");
2372         _T("Portable graymap (*.pgm)\0*.pgm\0");
2373         _T("Portable pixmap (*.ppm)\0*.ppm\0");
2374         _T("Portable anymap (*.pnm)\0*.pnm\0");
2375         _T("Targa images (*.tga)\0*.tga\0");
2376         _T("TIFF images (*.tif)\0*.tif\0");
2377         _T("\0"),
2378         0, 0, 0,
2379         file, MAX_PATH, 0, 0, 0, 0, OFN_FILEMUSTEXIST
2380     };

```

```

2381     if (::GetOpenFileName(&ofn))
2382     {
2383         create_texture(file);
2384     }
2385 }
2386
2387 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
2388 // set_color_write_enable
2389 //
2390 // Set RS Color Write Enable based on UI state.
2391 //
2392 void
2393 CMyD3DApplication::set_color_write_enable()
2394 {
2395     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetRenderState(D3DRS_COLORWRITEENABLE,
2396                                         (m_color_write_enable_red ? D3DCOLORWRITEENABLE_RED : 0) |
2397                                         (m_color_write_enable_green ? D3DCOLORWRITEENABLE_GREEN : 0) |
2398                                         (m_color_write_enable_blue ? D3DCOLORWRITEENABLE_BLUE : 0) |
2399                                         (m_color_write_enable_alpha ? D3DCOLORWRITEENABLE_ALPHA : 0)));
2400 }
2401
2402 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
2403 // render_stencil_mask
2404 //
2405 // Use the torus mesh to render a hollow circle mask into
2406 // the 0x1 stencil plane.
2407 //
2408 void
2409 CMyD3DApplication::render_stencil_mask()
2410 {
2411     // set the reference and mask values for plane 1
2412     rt::s_rs states[] =
2413     {
2414         D3DRS_STENCILREF, 0x1,
2415         D3DRS_STENCILMASK, 0x1,
2416         D3DRS_STENCILWRITEMASK, 0x1,
2417     };
2418     rt::set_states(m_pd3dDevice, states, NUM_OF(states));
2419     // disable texturing
2420     const rt::s_tss ts_states[] =
2421     {
2422         D3DTSS_COLOROP, D3DTOP_DISABLE,
2423         D3DTSS_ALPHAOP, D3DTOP_DISABLE
2424     };
2425     rt::set_states(m_pd3dDevice, 0, ts_states,
2426                     NUM_OF(ts_states));

```

```
2427     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetTexture(0, NULL));  
2428  
2429     // draw torus  
2430     D3DXMATRIX ident(1, 0, 0, 0,  
2431                         0, 1, 0, 0,  
2432                         0, 0, 1, 0,  
2433                         0, 0, 0, 1);  
2434     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetTransform(D3DTS_WORLD, &ident));  
2435     THR(m_torus->DrawSubset(0));  
2436 }  
2437  
2438 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////  
2439 // render_stencil_stipple  
2440 //  
2441 // Render a stipple pattern into the 0x2 stencil plane.  
2442 //  
2443 void  
2444 CMyD3DApplication::render_stencil_stipple()  
2445 {  
2446     // set the reference and mask values for plane 2; the  
2447     // alpha test rejects stipple texels with zero alpha,  
2448     // so that the stencil bits are not written there.  
2449     rt::s_rs states[] =  
2450     {  
2451         D3DRS_ALPHATESTENABLE, true,  
2452         D3DRS_ALPHAFUNC, D3DCMP_GREATEREQUAL,  
2453         D3DRS_ALPHAREF, 0x1,  
2454         D3DRS_STENCILREF, 0x2,  
2455         D3DRS_STENCILMASK, 0x2,  
2456         D3DRS_STENCILWRITEMASK, 0x2,  
2457         D3DRS_COLORVERTEX, true,  
2458         D3DRS_LIGHTING, false,  
2459         D3DRS_SPECULARENABLE, false  
2460     };  
2461     rt::set_states(m_pd3dDevice, states, NUM_OF(states));  
2462     rt::s_tss tex_states[] =  
2463     {  
2464         D3DTSS_COLOROP, D3DTOP_SELECTARG1,  
2465         D3DTSS_COLORARG1, D3DTA_TEXTURE,  
2466         D3DTSS_COLORARG2, D3DTA_DIFFUSE,  
2467         D3DTSS_ALPHAOP, D3DTOP_SELECTARG1,  
2468         D3DTSS_ALPHAARG1, D3DTA_TEXTURE,  
2469         D3DTSS_ALPHAARG2, D3DTA_DIFFUSE  
2470     };  
2471     rt::set_states(m_pd3dDevice, 0,  
2472                     tex_states, NUM_OF(tex_states));
```

```

2473     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetTexture(0, m_stipple));
2474
2475     // draw stipple with screen-space triangles that cover
2476     // the whole screen
2477     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetFVF(s_screen_vertex::FVF));
2478     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetStreamSource(0, m_stipple_verts, 0,
2479                                         sizeof(s_screen_vertex)));
2480     THR(m_pd3dDevice->DrawPrimitive(D3DPT_TRIANGLELIST, 0,
2481                                         m_num_stipple_quads*2));
2482 }
2483
2484 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
2485 // render_stencil
2486 //
2487 // Build the stencil plane(s) depending on UI state.
2488 //
2489 void
2490 CMyD3DApplication::render_stencil()
2491 {
2492     // clear the stencil planes first
2493     THR(m_pd3dDevice->Clear(0L, NULL, D3DCLEAR_STENCIL,
2494                               0, 1.0f, 0L));
2495
2496     // set states for stencil rendering
2497     rt::s_rs states[] =
2498     {
2499         D3DRS_STENCILENABLE, true,
2500         D3DRS_STENCILFUNC, D3DCMP_ALWAYS,
2501         D3DRS_STENCILPASS, D3DSTENCILOP_REPLACE,
2502         D3DRS_STENCILFAIL, D3DSTENCILOP_REPLACE,
2503         D3DRS_STENCILZFAIL, D3DSTENCILOP_REPLACE,
2504         D3DRS_COLORWRITEENABLE, 0L,
2505         D3DRS_ALPHABLENDENABLE, m_color_blend_enable,
2506         D3DRS_SRCBLEND, D3DBLEND_ZERO,
2507         D3DRS_DESTBLEND, D3DBLEND_ONE
2508     };
2509     rt::set_states(m_pd3dDevice, states, NUM_OF(states));
2510
2511     // render geometry to set the planes
2512     if (m_stencil_mask)
2513     {
2514         render_stencil_mask();
2515     }
2516     if (m_stencil_stippling)
2517     {
2518         render_stencil_stipple();

```

```
2519     }
2520
2521     // set the state for masking against stencil bits
2522     rt::s_rs use_stencil_states[] =
2523     {
2524         D3DRS_STENCILENABLE, true,
2525         D3DRS_STENCILFUNC, D3DCMP_EQUAL,
2526         D3DRS_STENCILREF, 0,
2527         D3DRS_STENCILMASK, ~0UL,
2528         D3DRS_STENCILWRITEMASK, 0,
2529         D3DRS_STENCILPASS, D3DSTENCILOP_KEEP,
2530         D3DRS_STENCILFAIL, D3DSTENCILOP_KEEP,
2531         D3DRS_STENCILZFAIL, D3DSTENCILOP_KEEP
2532     };
2533     rt::set_states(m_pd3dDevice, use_stencil_states,
2534                    NUM_OF(use_stencil_states));
2535     set_color_write_enable();
2536 }
2537
2538 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
2539 // render_teapot
2540 //
2541 // Render the teapot with a given world matrix.
2542 //
2543 void
2544 CMyD3DApplication::render_teapot(const D3DXMATRIX &matrix)
2545 {
2546     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetTransform(D3DTS_WORLD, &matrix));
2547     THR(m_teapot->DrawSubset(0));
2548 }
2549
2550 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
2551 // render_motion_blur
2552 //
2553 // Render multiple copies of the teapot, changing the
2554 // multisample mask to create a motion blur effect.
2555 //
2556 void
2557 CMyD3DApplication::render_motion_blur()
2558 {
2559     UINT passes = std::max(UINT(m_d3dpp.MultiSampleType), 1U);
2560     float rot_x = m_last_rot_x;
2561     float delta_x = (m_rot_x - m_last_rot_x)/passes;
2562     float rot_y = m_last_rot_y;
2563     float delta_y = (m_rot_y - m_last_rot_y)/passes;
2564 }
```

```

2565     for (UINT i = 0; i < passes; i++)
2566     {
2567         THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetRenderState(
2568             D3DRS_MULTISAMPLEMASK, 1L << i));
2569         render_teapot(rt::mat_rot_x(rot_x)*
2570                         rt::mat_rot_y(rot_y));
2571         rot_x += delta_x;
2572         rot_y += delta_y;
2573     }
2574     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetRenderState(D3DRS_MULTISAMPLEMASK,
2575             ~0UL));
2576 }
2577 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
2578 // render_depth_of_field
2579 //
2580 // Render 9 teapots with a jittered view frustum to
2581 // create a depth of field effect.
2582 //
2583 void
2584 CMyD3DApplication::render_depth_of_field()
2585 {
2586     const D3DXMATRIX base = rt::mat_rot_x(m_rot_x)*
2587         rt::mat_rot_y(m_rot_y)*rt::mat_scale(0.5f);
2588
2589     const UINT passes =
2590         std::max(UINT(m_d3dpp.MultiSampleType), 1U);
2591     const float *jitter = sm_jitter[passes-1];
2592     for (UINT i = 0; i < passes; i++)
2593     {
2594         THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetRenderState(
2595             D3DRS_MULTISAMPLEMASK, 1L << i));
2596
2597         rt::mat_look_at_view(D3DXVECTOR3(
2598             jitter[i*2+0]*0.25f, jitter[i*2+1]*0.25f, -5));
2599         THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetTransform(D3DTS_VIEW, &view));
2600
2601         render_teapot(base*rt::mat_trans(-1, -1, 1));
2602         render_teapot(base*rt::mat_trans(1, -1, 1));
2603         render_teapot(base*rt::mat_trans(-1, 1, 1));
2604         render_teapot(base*rt::mat_trans(1, 1, 1));
2605         render_teapot(base);
2606         render_teapot(base*rt::mat_trans(-1, -1, -1));
2607         render_teapot(base*rt::mat_trans(1, -1, -1));
2608         render_teapot(base*rt::mat_trans(-1, 1, -1));
2609         render_teapot(base*rt::mat_trans(1, 1, -1));

```

```
2611     }
2612
2613     rt::mat_look_at view(D3DXVECTOR3(0, 0, -5));
2614     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetTransform(D3DTS_VIEW, &view));
2615     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetRenderState(D3DRS_MULTISAMPLEMASK,
2616         ~OUL));
2617 }
2618
2619 ///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
2620 // CMyD3DApplication::tile_background
2621 //
2622 // Use CopyRects to tile the back buffer with an image containing alpha.
2623 // The rectangle and point lists are rebuilt whenever RestoreDeviceObjects
2624 // is called. This keeps the lists updated whenever the device changes
2625 // or the window is resized.
2626 //
2627 void
2628 CMyD3DApplication::tile_background()
2629 {
2630     // draw background tile, storing alpha straight into destination
2631     CComPtr<IDirect3DSurface9> back;
2632     THR(m_pd3dDevice->GetBackBuffer(0, 0, D3DBACKBUFFER_TYPE_MONO, &back));
2633     for (UINT i = 0; i < m_tile_rects.size(); i++)
2634     {
2635         RECT r =
2636         {
2637             m_tile_offsets[i].x, m_tile_offsets[i].y,
2638             m_tile_offsets[i].x + m_tile_rects[i].right - m_tile_rects[i].left,
2639             m_tile_offsets[i].y + m_tile_rects[i].bottom - m_tile_rects[i].top
2640         };
2641         THR(m_pd3dDevice->StretchRect(m_device_tile, &m_tile_rects[i],
2642             back, &r, D3DTEXF_NONE));
2643     }
2644 }
2645
2646 DWORD
2647 CMyD3DApplication::PresentFlags() const
2648 {
2649     DWORD flags = CD3DApplication::PresentFlags();
2650     if (m_d3dEnumeration.AppMinStencilBits > 0)
2651     {
2652         flags &= ~D3DPRESENTFLAG_DISCARD_DEPTHSTENCIL;
2653     }
2654     return flags;
2655 }
2656
```



```
2703     IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
2704     IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
2705     IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
2706     IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
2707     IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
2708     IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,
2709     IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT,
2710     IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_FACTOR,
2711     IDM_COLOR_DEST_BLEND_INV_FACTOR,
2712     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_CLEAR,
2713     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC,
2714     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST,
2715     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_OVER_DEST,
2716     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC,
2717     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST,
2718     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_IN_SRC,
2719     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST,
2720     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC,
2721     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST,
2722     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_DEST_OUT_SRC,
2723     IDM_ALPHA_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST,
2724     IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_ADD,
2725     IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_SUBTRACT,
2726     IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_REVERSE_SUBTRACT,
2727     IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_MINIMUM,
2728     IDM_ALPHA_BLEND_OP_MAXIMUM,
2729     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_ZERO,
2730     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_ONE,
2731     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_COLOR,
2732     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR,
2733     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
2734     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
2735     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,
2736     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,
2737     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,
2738     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,
2739     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT,
2740     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_BOTH_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
2741     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_FACTOR,
2742     IDM_ALPHA_SRC_BLEND_INV_FACTOR,
2743     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_ZERO,
2744     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_ONE,
2745     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_SRC_COLOR,
2746     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_COLOR,
2747     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA,
2748     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_SRC_ALPHA,
```

D3DBLEND_SRCCALPHA,
D3DBLEND_INVSRCALPHA,
D3DBLEND_DESTALPHA,
D3DBLEND_INVDESTALPHA,
D3DBLEND_DESTCOLOR,
D3DBLEND_INVDESTCOLOR,
D3DBLEND_SRCCALPHASAT,
D3DBLEND_BLENDFACTOR,
D3DBLEND_INVBLENDFACTOR,
E_COMPOSITE_CLEAR,
E_COMPOSITE_SRC,
E_COMPOSITE_DEST,
E_COMPOSITE_SRC_OVER_DEST,
E_COMPOSITE_DEST_OVER_SRC,
E_COMPOSITE_SRC_IN_DEST,
E_COMPOSITE_DEST_IN_SRC,
E_COMPOSITE_SRC_ATOP_DEST,
E_COMPOSITE_DEST_ATOP_SRC,
E_COMPOSITE_SRC_OUT_DEST,
E_COMPOSITE_DEST_OUT_SRC,
E_COMPOSITE_SRC_XOR_DEST,
D3DBLENDOP_ADD,
D3DBLENDOP_SUBTRACT,
D3DBLENDOP_REVSUBTRACT,
D3DBLENDOP_MIN,
D3DBLENDOP_MAX,
D3DBLEND_ZERO,
D3DBLEND_ONE,
D3DBLEND_SRCCOLOR,
D3DBLEND_INVSRCCOLOR,
D3DBLEND_SRCCALPHA,
D3DBLEND_INVSRCALPHA,
D3DBLEND_DESTALPHA,
D3DBLEND_INVDESTALPHA,
D3DBLEND_DESTCOLOR,
D3DBLEND_INVDESTCOLOR,
D3DBLEND_SRCCALPHASAT,
D3DBLEND_SRCCALPHASAT,
D3DBLEND_BOTHINVSRCCALPHA,
D3DBLEND_BLENDFACTOR,
D3DBLEND_INVBLENDFACTOR,
D3DBLEND_ZERO,
D3DBLEND_ONE,
D3DBLEND_SRCCOLOR,
D3DBLEND_INVSRCCOLOR,
D3DBLEND_SRCCALPHA,
D3DBLEND_INVSRCALPHA,

```

2749     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_DEST_ALPHA,           D3DBLEND_DESTALPHA,
2750     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_ALPHA,       D3DBLEND_INVDESTALPHA,
2751     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_DEST_COLOR,          D3DBLEND_DESTCOLOR,
2752     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_DEST_COLOR,       D3DBLEND_INVDESTCOLOR,
2753     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_SRC_ALPHA_SAT,        D3DBLEND_SRCALPHASAT,
2754     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_FACTOR,               D3DBLEND_BLENDFACTOR,
2755     IDM_ALPHA_DEST_BLEND_INV_FACTOR,           D3DBLEND_INVBLENDFACTOR
2756 };
2757 HMENU menu = TWS(::GetMenu(m_hWnd));
2758 for (UINT i = 0; i < NUM_OF(data); i++)
2759 {
2760     MENUITEMINFO info =
2761     {
2762         sizeof(info), MIIM_DATA
2763     };
2764     info.dwItemData = data[i].m_data;
2765     TWS(::SetMenuItemInfo(menu, data[i].m_id, FALSE, &info));
2766 }
2767 }
2768
2769 DWORD
2770 CMyD3DApplication::get_menu_data(DWORD id)
2771 {
2772     MENUITEMINFO info = { sizeof(info), MIIM_DATA };
2773     THR(::GetMenuItemInfo(TWS(::GetMenu(m_hWnd)), id, FALSE, &info));
2774     return DWORD(info.dwItemData);
2775 }
2776
2777 LRESULT
2778 CMyD3DApplication::on_left_button_down(HWND window, WPARAM, LPARAM lp, bool &handled)
2779 {
2780     ::SetCapture(window);
2781     m_scissor_rect.left = GET_X_LPARAM(lp);
2782     m_scissor_rect.top = GET_Y_LPARAM(lp);
2783     m_scissor_rect.right = GET_X_LPARAM(lp);
2784     m_scissor_rect.bottom = GET_Y_LPARAM(lp);
2785     THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetScissorRect(&m_scissor_rect));
2786     handled = true;
2787
2788     return LRESULT(0);
2789 }
2790
2791 LRESULT
2792 CMyD3DApplication::on_mouse_move(HWND window, WPARAM, LPARAM lp, bool &handled)
2793 {
2794     if (window == ::GetCapture())

```

```
2795     {
2796         m_scissor_rect.right = std::min(m_d3dsdBackBuffer.Width, UINT(GET_X_LPARAM(lp)));
2797         m_scissor_rect.bottom = std::min(m_d3dsdBackBuffer.Height, UINT(GET_Y_LPARAM(lp)));
2798         RECT tmp = m_scissor_rect;
2799         if (tmp.right < tmp.left)
2800         {
2801             std::swap(tmp.right, tmp.left);
2802         }
2803         if (tmp.bottom < tmp.top)
2804         {
2805             std::swap(tmp.bottom, tmp.top);
2806         }
2807         THR(m_pd3dDevice->SetScissorRect(&tmp));
2808         handled = true;
2809     }
2810     return LRESULT(0);
2811 }
2812
2813 LRESULT
2814 CMyD3DApplication::on_left_button_up(HWND window, WPARAM, LPARAM, bool &handled)
2815 {
2816     if (window == ::GetCapture())
2817     {
2818         TWS(::ReleaseCapture());
2819         handled = true;
2820     }
2821     return LRESULT(0);
2822 }
```

